Contents

Preface xv

CHAPTER ONE Social Psychology: What It Is and What It Is Not Observation and Theory The First Experiment 5 Study of Ongoing Social Processes The Social Psychology of Research Theory and Application 8 Emphasis on the Individual 10 Constructing a Definition of Social Psychology Level of Analysis 11 A Formal Definition 11 Implicit Theories of Social Psychology Personal Experience Is Not Science Common Sense and Inconsistency 13 The Discovery of Limiting Conditions 14 Counterintuitive Findings: A Study of Obedience 14 Plan of the Book 18 Methodology 19 Social Perception and Cognition Attitudes and the Self 20 Individual Needs and Social Exchange The Social Environment 21

CHAPTER TWO Research Methods I: General Issues and Field Techniques 24

Definitions, Operations, and Replication 27
Defining the Terms 27
The Difficulty of Replicating Findings 28

Validity	of the Research Method 34
	ernal Validity: Meaningful Differences 34
Exte	ernal Validity: Results That Generalize 34
	ty in Social-Psychological Research 36
	Awareness of Being Tested: Demand Characteristics 37
	ponse Sets 38
	w Can Reactivity Be Minimized? 39
Archival	Research: History As Social Psychology 39
An	Illustration: A Speeding Crackdown 40
	eats to Internal Validity 42
	tional Methods: The Here and Now of Behavior Public Places 44
	r Observational Techniques 44
	ncealed Participant Observation: The Doomsday
	evers 45
	rural Experiments 47
	d Experiments 47
	mparisons of Methods 49
CHAPTER THRE	E Research Methods II: Laboratory Experiments 54
Precurso	rs to Experimentation 56
	relation and Causality 56
	ecting a Hypothesis 57
	sifiability 59
The Lab	oratory Experiment 59
	erimental and Control Groups 59
	Factorial Design 60
Ope	erationalization 62
The	Pretest 63
Sele	ection of Subjects 64
Rur	nning the Experiment 66
Pro	blems in Experimentation 69
Conclud	ing Note: Ethical Conduct of Research
in S	Social Psychology 74
	ks and Benefits 74
	titutional Review 75
Info	ormed Consent 75
CHAPTER FOUR	Elements of Social Perception 80
	A SECURIOR OF THE PROPERTY OF
rerson I	Perception and Object Perception: A Difference in Degree

Percepts: The Representations of Objects and People

Veridicality: Agreement Between Percept and Reality

83

84

or a Difference in Kind? 83

Empirical Replication 30 Conceptual Replication 31

viii Contents

The Lens Model of Perception 85
Comparisons Between Object Perception and Social
Perception 87
Social Perception as Categorization 89
Description of the Stimulus in Person Perception 91 The Order of Presentation 92
The Organizing Influence 93
Nonverbal Mediators in Person Perception 94
Kinesic Cues 95
Facial Cues 96
Paralinguistic Cues 102
Accuracy in the Judgment of Others 105
Possible Sources of Accuracy 105
Intelligence and Empathy 106
Early Research on Accuracy 106
Personal Correlates of Accuracy 108
Sending and Receiving Revisited 109
The Stimulus As Person: Self-Presentation 109
A Face and a Line 110
A Mutual Commitment: The Maintenance of Face 110
CHAPTER FIVE Social Cognition: The Construction of Social Reality 114
Categorization: The Organization of the Social World 117 Category Formation and Criterial Attributes 117
Social Stereotyping 118
Motivational Explanations of Stereotyping 120 Cognitive Explanations of Stereotyping 125
Social Inference: Searching for the Causes of Behavior 127
Three Stages of Attribution 128
Theories of Attribution 130
Actors and Observers 135
Other Errors in Attribution 137
Combination of Information: Impression Formation 139
Implicit Personality Theory 139
Prototypes: Implicit Personality Theory
As Categorization 144
Information Integration Theory: Combination of Traits 145
Social Cognition and Behavior 149
CHAPTER SIX Attitude Organization: The Principle
of Cognitive Consistency 152

ix Contents

Logical Models of Attitude Organization 156 The Syllogistic Model 156 Premises and Conclusions 157

Horizontal Structure 158 Vertical Structure 159 A Complex Attitude 159

Information Processing in Attitude Organization 161
Beliefs and Evaluations 161
The Scaling of an Attitude 162
Tests of the Model 163

The Principle of Cognitive Consistency: Relations Among Attitudes 164

Balance Theory 166

Liking and Unit Formation 166
Degrees of Balance and Imbalance 168
Intrapersonal Balance 169
Balance in a Triad 170
Summary of Balance Theory 172

Congruity Theory 173

Elements of the Theory 173
Resolution of Incongruity: Proportional Change 175
Summary of Congruity Theory 175

Cognitive Dissonance Theory 176

An Alternative to Reinforcement 176
The Formal Theory 179
Comparisons to Balance and Congruity Theories 180
The Magnitude of Dissonance 181
An Example of the Evolution of a Concept 183
Summary of Dissonance Theory 190

CHAPTER SEVEN Attitude Measurement and Change 192

Scales for the Measurement of Attitudes 195
Endorsement Scales: The Equal-Appearing Intervals of Thurstone 195
Summated Agreement: The Likert Scale 198
The Meaning of Attitude Objects: The Semantic Differential 202

General Issues in Attitude Change 205
Real or Apparent Change? 205
The Functions of Attitudes 207
Implications for Attitude Change 20

Sources of Resistance to Attitude Change 209
Resistance Arising from Discrepancy 210
Resistance Arising from Restrictions of Freedom 216
Resistance Arising from Advance Warning 219

Sources of Facilitation 221
Facilitation Arising from the Communication and Its Presentation 222

×

Facilitations Arising from the Participation of the Recipient 225
Attitudes and Behavior 231
Ethical Issues in Attitude Change 233

CHAPTER EIGHT The Self 240

The Social Self: Organization and Interaction 244

The Me 244

The I 246

Role Conflict 247

Symbolic Interactionism 248

The Process of Self-Evaluation 249

Reference Groups 250

Social Comparison Among Individuals 251

Assessment of Emotional States 255

Self-Perception of Attitudes 261

Self-Perception of Motivation 262

The Development of Self-Esteem 264
Successes and Pretensions 264
External Factors Influencing Self-Esteem 266

The Public Self: Mask or Reality? 269

Concealment and Disclosure in Daily Interaction 269

Unusual Situations for the Self 273

CHAPTER NINE Reinforcement and Exchange in Social Behavior 280

Rewards and Social Learning 283

The Principle of Reinforcement 283

Social Learning Theory 285

Exchange Theory 287

The Interaction Matrix 287

Evaluation of Outcomes 290

Correspondence of Outcomes 292

Fairness in Social Exchange 294
Procedural Justice 295
The Principle of Distributive Justice 295
Equity Theory 297
A Further Refinement of Reinforcement 301

CHAPTER TEN Positive Forms of Social Behavior 304

Altruism and Helping Behavior 308

The Problem of Definition 308

Motives and Self-Sacrifice 308

xi

Altruism and Reinforcement 310	
Objective Altruism in Nonemergency Situations 311 The Effects of Norms 311 Effects of the Situation 314 Effects of Internal States 316 Personal Responsibility for Helpful Action 319	
Objective Altruism in Emergencies 320 The Failure to Act 320 Diffusion of Responsibility 321 A Decision Process Model of Intervention 323 Bystander Intervention As Objective Altruism 326	
Interpersonal Attraction 327	
An Attitude of Favorability 327 The Measurement of Attraction 328 Friendship Choice 328 Attitude Scaling Aproaches 330 Some Antecedents of Attraction 332 Propinguity 333	
Similarity 335 Suffering 338 Personal Qualities of the Stimulus Person 339 Arousal and Attraction 341 CHAPTER ELEVEN Competition and Aggression 346	
The Definition of Competition 349	
Experimental Methods for the Study of Competition 351 The Prisoner's Dilemma 351 Communication and Power in Bargaining 356 Socially Relevant Science 359	
Achievement Motivation and Competition 359 Measurement of Achievement Needs 360 Perceiving the Causes of Success and Failure 365 Achievement Motivation in Women: Fear of Success?	367
The Definition of Aggression 369	
Instigation and Maintenance of Aggression 371 Theories of Internal Instigation 372 Theories of External Instigation 374 Combinatorial Theories 376 Theory and Practice: The Issue of Televised Violence A Concluding Comment 382	379
Continuing Comment 302	

CHAPTER TWELVE Social Influence 386

xii Contents

An Overview of Power and Influence 389
Field Theory: A Representation of Influence 390
Sources of Social Power 392

Counterforces to Social Influence Compliance or Acceptance? The Influence of One Individual Over Another 399 Machiavellianism: Influence As an Interpersonal Style Direct Influence: Obedience to Authority 401 Group Influence Over the Individual Conformity 405 Group Informational Social Influence A Step Toward Normative Influence Social Influence and Social Change 411 The Readiness to Accept Influence 411 Contingency in Interaction 412 Active Minorities and Social Change 414 CHAPTER THIRTEEN The Individual and the Group 418 Communication Within the Group 421 The Structure of Communication 421 The Nature of Communication 425 Group Leadership 428 Leader Characteristics 428 A Model of Leadership Effectiveness 430 Group Decision Processes 434 Attraction to the Group 434 Group Cohesiveness 436 Pressures Toward Uniformity of Opinion 437 The Development of Groupthink 439 Choice Shifts in Group Discussion 441 Once Again, the Importance of the Individual 444 CHAPTER FOURTEEN The Environment and Social Behavior 450 Principles of Environmental Psychology 452 Situations and Persons 452 The Importance of Cognition 453 Research and Theory 454 Dimensions of a Place 455 A Multidisciplinary and Systems Approach 455 Descriptions of the Physical Environment 456 The Choice of Units of Analysis

Settings for Behavior 457

Environmental Cognition 464

Personal Space 461

Setting and Behavior: A Theory of Manning 458

The Individual and Environmental Behavior 461

xiii

Person-Environment Interaction 466
Access to the Self 467
The College Dormitory 470
The Problem of Crowding 473
Persons, Situations, and Processes 476

Glossary 479

References 499

Author Index 553

Subject Index 565

xiv

Page references for glossary terms are in italics.

Acceptance in attitude change, 206-7, 251 latitude of, 211-12 in social influence, 396-98 Accuracy differential, 107 vs. distortion in self-perception, 243, 251, 255, 269-70 personal correlates of, 106, 108 Achievement motivation, 359-69 attributional model of, 365-67 and independence training, 364 measurement of, 360-62 and persistence in tasks, 363-64 resultant, 362 in women, 367-69 Actor/observer differences in attribution, 136-37 Affective component of attitude, 154-55, 157, 162 Aggression, 369, 370-83 catharsis hypothesis, 380-81 excitation transfer theory of, 376-78, 381 and frustration, 370, 374-75, 381 instinctive theories of, 369-70, 372-74 and sexual arousal, 377-78 social learning theory of, 378-83 televised violence and, 372, 379-82 Altruism, 308-9 compared to helping behavior, 308-9

objective, 309-27 and reinforcement, 308, 310-11 Archival methods, 39, 40-43, 50-51 index numbers, 40-41 selective deposit, 42, 43, 57 selective sampling, 40 selective survival, 43, 57 Artifacts, 33-34, 74, 184, 187. See also Internal validity; Reactivity Asymmetric contingency, 413-14 Associative bond, 173-74 Assumed desirability, 132, 133 Attitude, 154. See also Attitude change; Attitude models components of, 154-55, 162, 204 horizontal structure of, 158, 159, 161, 163, 194, 205 vertical structure of, 159, 161, 194, 205 Attitude-behavior correlation, 176, 194, 231-33 Attitude change ethical issues in, 233-35 facilitation of, 221-31 inoculation against, 219-21 public compliance vs. private acceptance, 205-7 resistance to, 209-21 Attitude measurement, 195-205 Likert scales, 198-202 semantic differential method, 202-4 and social judgment, 213

Attitude measurement (cont.)
Thurstone scales, 195–98
unlimited response languages in,
216
Attitude models
balance theory, 166–73
cognitive dissonance theory,
176–90
congruity theory, 173–76

congruity theory, 173–76
information-processing, 161–64
syllogistic, 156–61, 164
Attraction, 327–42
antecedents of, 332–41

and arousal, 341–42 attitude measurement of, 330–31 and complementarity, 337–38 sociometric measurement of,

and similarity, 335–37 Attractiveness. *See* Physical attractiveness

328-30

Attribution processes, 128–38 biases in, 136–38 and emotions, 259–61 stages of, 128–29, 136 theories of, 130–38

Attributional criteria, 134–35
Attributions
of actors compared to observers,
136–37

and achievement motivation, 365–67 defensive, 138

for success and failure, 137-38,

267–68 Averaging model of impression formation, 145–49

Balance theory of attitude, 166–73, 180–81 degrees of balance, 168–69 determination of balance, 167–68, 171–72

p-o-x triads in, 170–72 relations in, 167–73 resolution of imbalance, 169–70, 172

Balanced replication, 187–88 Bargaining

and communication, 356–58 in Prisoner's Dilemma, 351–56 strategies, 355–56

Behavior setting, 457-58, 466
Behavioral component of an attitude,
154-55, 157

Behavioral intention, 162 Behaviorism, 284–85 Belief, 157–64

premise, 157-61 strength, 162 zero-order, 160

Blacks
prejudice against, 120–26
stereotyping of, 117–21
Bystander intervention. See

Intervention in emergencies

Categorization, 89, 117, 125–26, 128 137, 144–45 differentiation in, 145

and stereotyping, 117
Catharsis hypothesis, 380–81
Central traits, 93–94, 146

richness in, 145

Choice dilemma task, 441–42 Choice shifts, 441–44

choice dilemmas task, 441–42 value of risk, 443–44 persuasive arguments theory of,

Classical conditioning of attitudes,

226 Cognitive component of an attitude,

154–55, 157 Cognitive dissonance theory, 176–90,

297, 299, 307 elements of the theory, 179–80 magnitude of dissonance, 181

resolution of dissonance, 182-83 Cognitive evaluation theory of

motivation, 263
Cognitive labeling theory, 256–259,

262, 341–43, 376. See also Social comparison theory

Social comparison theory Cognitive maps, 464–66

images of cities, 464–65 individual differences in, 466 Cognitive schema, 127. See also

Cognitive schema, 127. See also Self-schema

Cohesiveness of group, 436–39 and groupthink, 439–41 and pressure toward uniformity of opinion, 437–39

262

567

Subject Index

Communication in beginning, 356–58

implicit, 358

networks, 421-24

nonverbal, 94-96

persuasive, 221-25

structure within a group, 421-25 Comparison function, of reference

group, 250, 398

Comparison level, 290-92, 294, 392

Comparison level for alternatives, 290-92, 294, 392, 395

Competition, 294, 349, 350, 351

and achievement motivation, 359-60

experimental study of, 350-59 in society, 382-83

Complementarity, 337–39

Compliance, 206

in attitude change, 206-7, 251

forced (see Forced compliance) in social influence, 396-97, 398

Conceptual replication, 31-33

Conformity, 405-6, 408-11

Congruity theory of attitude, 173-76,

180-81 bonds in, 173

elements of, 173-75

resolution of incongruity, 175

Consensus

in conformity, 409-10

as a criterion in attribution, 134-35 false, in groupthink, 439-40

Consistency

as a criterion in attribution, 134-35 theories of attitude organization,

164-90

Constructive process, 86, 87, 89, 97

Contingency in interaction, 412–14 Contingency model, of leadership,

430-33

Correlation

coefficient, 140-41

inferring causality from, 56-57,

433

Correspondence

of inference, 131, 132, 133

of outcomes, 292, 293, 294, 349-50,

357, 395-96

Counterattitudinal advocacy, 178,

187, 189, 299

Covariation principle, 133-35

Emotion (cont.) misattribution of, 259-61 peripheral theory of, 255-56 Empathy, 106 Empirical replication, 30-31, 33 Environmental force, 131 Equity theory, 297-301 exploitation, 300-301 overpayment, 299-300 restoration of, 298, 316-17 underpayment, 298-99 Ethics in research, 17, 19, 36, 46, 50, 66, 74-76, 276-77. See also Deception debriefing, 75, 235 informed consent, 75 Evaluation apprehension, 8, 71, 184, Evaluation in congruity theory, 174 in information-processing theory, 161-64 self, 249-63 Evaluative premise, 157-61 Exchange theory, 287-94, 332 comparison level, 290-92, 294 comparison level for alternatives. 290-92, 294 correspondence of outcomes, 292-94 goodness of outcomes, 289-91 Excitation transfer theory, 376-78, Experimental realism, 69, 74, 76, 276, Experimenter expectancy, 8, 71, 72

Facial cues, 95–101
decoding of, 97–98
display rules, 101
encoding of, 97–98, 100–101, 109
recognition of, 98–99
Factor analysis, 100, 143, 144, 204
Factorial design, 60, 61, 73
False consensus, in groupthink,
439–40
Falsifiability, 59

External validity, 34, 43, 50-51, 70,

Extrinsic motivation, vs. intrinsic,

454

262 - 63

Fear of success, 367–69
Field research, 6
Field theory, 390–92
forces, 390–92, 435
life space, 390
Foot-in-the-door technique, 228–30
Forced choice scale, 400
Forced compliance, 176, 177, 178, 228, 234, 235
Friendship
and attitude similarity, 335–37
measurement of, 328–31
Frustration
-aggression hypothesis, 124

and reactance, 217-18

Gestalt, 85, 136 Group decision processes, 435-47 Group discussion and attitude change, 230-31 and choice shifts, 441-44 and groupthink, 439-41 Group locomotion, 425 Group maintenance, 425, 427-28 Group structure and communication, 421-25 social-emotional roles, 427-28, 434, 435 task roles, 427-28, 435-36, 437 Groupthink false consensus in, 439-40 reduction of, 441

Hawthorne effect, 8
Helping behavior, 308–27. See also
Objective altruism
Horizontal structure of an attitude,
158, 159, 161, 163, 194, 205
Hydraulic models of aggression,
372–74
Hypothetical construct, 5

I, the, 246
Ideal self, 265
Identification, 206
in attitude change, 206–7, 251
in social influence, 393, 398
Implicit personality theory, 139–44
correlational methods, 139–42

factors in, 143–44
peer nomination method, 143
trait implication method, 142–43
Implicit theory of social psychology,
12, 13, 14, 18, 21
limitations of, 16, 28
Impression formation, 145–48

mpression formation, 145–48 central traits in, 146 information integration theory of, 145–48

primacy in, 148
recency in, 148

Incentive theory, 184–85, 307 Independent variable, 59 Index numbers, 40–41 Inequity. See Equity theory

Information dependence, 122
Information integration theory, 145,
146–48

Information-processing model of attitude, 161–64 behavioral intention, 162, 232–33 belief strength, 162

Informational social influence, 396–98, 406–8

Informed consent, 39
Inoculation against counterpropaganda, 219, 220–21

Instinct and aggression, 369–70 Insufficient justification, 178, 184, 299, 307

Intention in attribution, 128–29, 131

behavioral, 162, 232–33 unconscious, 129 Interaction matrix, 287–89

Interaction Process Analysis, 426–27 Internal-External Locus of Control scale, 138

Internal validity, 34, 42, 50-51, 69, 454

Internalization, 206
in attitude change, 206–7
in social influence, 398
Intervention in emergencies, 320–26

definition of emergency, 323–24 model of process, 323–26

Intrinsic motivation, vs. extrinsic, 262-63

Item analysis, 199

Just world, need to believe in, 138

Justice distributive, 295–97 procedural, 295

Kinesic cues, 95-96

Labeling of emotional states. See Cognitive labeling theory Latitude

of acceptance, 211–12 of noncommitment, 211–212 of rejection, 211–12 Law of attraction, 335, 336–37

Law of Effect, 283 Leadership, 428–34

behavior, 429–30 contingency model of, 430–33 emergent, 428

and personality traits, 428–29 Learned helplessness, 472

Lens model of perception, 85–89 constructive process, 86, 87, 89, 97 distal stimulus, 85, 86, 88 mediation, 85–88 ambiguous, 88

synonymous, 88 proximal stimulus, 85 Level of aspiration, 264

Life space, 390 Likert scale, 198–202, 203, 205 construction of, 199–200

disadvantages of, 202 Liking. *See* Attraction Looking-glass self, 248–249

Machiavellianism, 399–400, 401, 411 Manipulations in experiment checks on, 64

kinds of, 67-68 Manning theory, 458-60 overmanning, 458

undermanning, 458 Matching principle, 340

Me, the, 244–46
Mediation, in perception, 85–88

ambiguous, 88, 371 synonymous, 88, 371

Mere exposure, 227–28, 334 Minority influence, 414–15, 439

Mixed motive game, 293, 351-53, 356

Modeling, 315–16

Motivation
achievement, 359–69
extrinsic vs. intrinsic, 262–63
from inconsistency, 182–83
from inequity, 316–17
from reactance, 217–19

Multidimensional scaling, 151, 424,
425

Mundane realism, 70, 74

Mutual contingency, 413-414, 415

Natural experiment, 58

Need for achievement, 360–63
Need to believe in a just world, 138
Noncommon effects, 132, 133
Nonverbal communication, 94–96
Nonverbal leakage, 96
Non-zero sum game, 350
Normative function, of reference group, 250, 398
Normative social influence, 397–98, 408–10
Norms 311–14
personal, 319–21
reciprocity, 311–13
social responsibility, 313–16
transmission, 407–8

Obedience
to authority, 401–3
destructive, 14–18, 69, 76, 130,
403–4
Objective altruism, 309–27
Objective self-awareness, 273–74
Observational methods, 45–49, 50–51
concealed participant, 45, 76
field experiments, 47–49, 51, 58
participant, 45, 46
simple, 45
Operational definition, 30–31, 62–63
Oversufficient justification, 189,
262–63, 299

Paralinguistic cues, 102–4 dialect, 102 speaker-state signal, 103 voice pitch and rate, 104 Percept, 87

Personal force, 131 Personal reference scales, 215-16 Personal responsibility, 130, 138 Personal space, 461-63 culture and personality influences on, 462-63 proxemics, 461 invasions of, 463 Personality implicit theories of, 139-49 of leaders, 428-29, 430-31 Persuasive arguments theory, of choice shifts, 444 Physical attractiveness, 268-69, 339-40, 392 Polarization in balance theory, 170 in congruity theory, 175 Power, 389 in bargaining, 356 bases of, 392-94 and threat, 357-58 usable, 394-96 p-o-x triad, 170-72 Prejudice, 120-26 competition in, 123-24 emotion in, 121-22 socialization of, 122-23, 125 Prestige suggestion, 210 Pretest, 63-64 Primacy effect, 92-93 Prior entry effect, 90-91, 118, 127 Prisoner's Dilemma Game, 351 strategies in, 355-56 structure of, 353 verbal description of, 352 Privacy, 467-72 in college dormitories, 470-72 as dynamic process, 468-70 functions of, 468 types of, 467 Procedural justice, 295 Prototypes, 144-45 Proxemics, 461 Proximal stimulus, 85-87 Pseudocontingency, 413-14

Racial stereotyping, 119–21 Random assignment, 66–67 Reactance theory, 217–19 Reactive contingency, 413–414

Subject Index 434, 435

comparison function of, 250, 398 normative function of, 250, 398 283-85, 293, 301, 306, 308-10, Relative deprivation, 295-296, 301 Representativeness, of subjects, 35 Resultant achievement motivation,

Selective sampling, 40 Selective survival, 43, 57 Self, 242 constituents of, 244-46 looking-glass, 248-49 multiple social, 245-47 Self-concept, 266-69 negation, 267 spontaneous, 266-67 Self-disclosure, 271-72, 469 Self-esteem, 255, 257, 264-69 development of, 266 factors influencing, 266-69 ideal self, 265 level of aspiration, 264

Reactivity, 36-39

mundane, 70, 74

341, 378

intermittent, 286

Law of Effect, 283

vicarious, 286, 378

Relative centrality, 423

Replication, 28, 30-33

conceptual, 31-33

Response trait, 142

Role conflict, 247-48

362

empirical, 30-31, 33

Response sets, 38, 74, 120 acquiescence, 38

social desirability, 38, 201

Risky shift. See Choice shift

Salience, 125-26, 137, 266

Selective deposit, 42, 43, 57

and altruism, 310-11

hedonistic calculus, 283

Reciprocity norm, 311-12

Realism in experiments, 69-70 experimental, 69, 74, 76

Reference groups, 250-51, 261, 397-98, 434

Reinforcement, 177, 178, 184,

Real self, 265

Self-monitoring, 270 Self-perception theory, 185, 260-63, of attitudes, 185-89, 261-62, 299 of motivation, 262-63 Self-presentation, 109-10, 270-71, Self-schema, 244, 319 Semantic differential, 202-4 in attitude measurement, 205-7 construction of, 203 disadvantages of, 204 factors in, 203-4 in implicit personality theory, 140 Sex differences in achievement motivation, 367-69 in competition, 355 in encoding, 100 and self-esteem, 267-68 Sleeper effect, 222-25 Social comparison theory, 251-55, 261, 262, 265, 295-96, 406-7, and emotion, 257-58 and helping behavior, 323, 325, 326 objective versus social comparison, 252 - 53similarity of others, 253-54 unidirectional drive upward, 254-55, 265, 295 Social cognition, 116 Social exchange. See Exchange theory Social facilitation, 6 Social influence, 391 counterforces to, 394 informational, 396-98, 406-8 normative, 397-98, 408-10 and social change, 411-12 Social judgment theory, 210-16 assimilation/contrast, 212-13 and attitude change, 213 latitudes in, 211-12 Social learning theory, 285-87, 314, 341, 378-83 imitation in, 285-86 Social reality, 437 Social responsibility norm, 313-14 Sociometric method, 328-30, 425, 436, 438-39

Speaker state signal, 103

Stereotyping, 90, 91, 117-21

Spontaneous self-concept, 266-67

Stereotyping (cont.) checklist measure of, 118 racial, 119-21 Subjects experience in research, 8, 17, 37-38, 44, 48, 71, 276, 322, 359 representativeness of, 35 selection of, 64-66 Sublimation, 372 Success and achievement, 365-67 attributions for, 267-68 fear of, 367-69 Syllogistic model of attitude, 156-61, 164. See also Horizontal structure; Vertical structure belief premise, 157 evaluative premise, 157 Symbolic interactionism, 248-49, 262

Taking the role of the other, 248–49
Television, and aggression, 379–82
Test Anxiety Questionnaire, 360–61
Thanatos, 372
Thematic Apperception Test, 360–61
Thurstone scale, 195–98, 200–201, 203, 205
construction of, 196–97
disadvantages of, 197–98
Time series analysis, 41
Trucking game, 356–58
Twenty Statements Test, 94, 267

Uniformity of opinion, 437–40
false consensus, 439–40
rejection of deviates, 437–38
Unit-formation, 166–73
degrees of, 172
denial of, 166–67
Unlimited response language, 216
Unobtrusive measures, 39
Usable power, 395–96

external, 34, 43, 50-51, 70, 454

internal, 34, 42, 50–51, 69, 454
Vector, in field theory, 390–92
Veridicality, 84–85, 89, 97
Vertical structure of an attitude, 159, 161, 194, 205
Victim blame, 124–25, 138
Violence
crimes of, in U. S., 348
and deindividuation, 274–75
televised, effects on behavior, 379–82

Validity, 34

War, attitudes toward, 196-203

Z-scores, 362
Zeibarnick effect, 5
Zero-order belief, 160
Zero-sum game, 293, 350. See also
Mixed-motive game