# CONTENTS

### BOOK I

## THE ISLAND RACE

CHAPTE	R WOR-DHOA DHT	PAGE
Ι.	BRITANNIA	3
п.	SUBJUGATION	15
ш.	THE ROMAN PROVINCE	28
IV.	THE LOST ISLAND	37
v.	ENGLAND	55
VI.	THE VIKINGS	69
VII.	ALFRED THE GREAT	82
VIII.	THE SAXON DUSK	102

## BOOK II

### THE MAKING OF THE NATION

CHAPTER			PAGE
І. Т	THE NORMAN INVASION		121
11. V	VILLIAM THE CONQUEROR		131
111. 0	GROWTH AMID TURMOIL		141
IV. I	HENRY PLANTAGENET /	1	157
v. 1	THE ENGLISH COMMON LAW		170
VI. C	CEUR DE LION		178

#### CONTENTS

VII.	MAGNA CARTA	190
VIII.	ON THE ANVIL	203
IX.	THE MOTHER OF PARLIAMENTS	215
х.	KING EDWARD I	224
XI.	BANNOCKBURN	244
XII.	SCOTLAND AND IRELAND	252
XIII.	THE LONG-BOW	262
XIV.	THE BLACK DEATH	278

## BOOK III

### THE END OF THE FEUDAL AGE CHAPTER PAGE I. KING RICHARD II AND THE SOCIAL REVOLT 289 II. THE USURPATION OF HENRY BOLINGBROKE 308 III. THE EMPIRE OF HENRY V 315 IV. JOAN OF ARC 325 V. YORK AND LANCASTER 334 VI. THE WARS OF THE ROSES 347 361 VII. THE ADVENTURES OF EDWARD IV VIII. RICHARD III 378 INDEX 397

### CONTENTS

# MAPS AND GENEALOGICAL TABLES

	PAGE
ROMAN BRITAIN	25
SAXON ENGLAND IN THE EIGHTH CENTURY	87
ENGLAND DURING THE DANISH INVASIONS	87
THE HOUSE OF WESSEX	105
THE NORMAN AND PLANTAGENET DYNASTIES	149
THE POSSESSIONS OF HENRY II	159
FRANCE IN 1360	275
ENGLISH POSSESSIONS IN FRANCE IN THE REIGN OF	
HENRY V	321
THE HOUSES OF YORK AND LANCASTER	343
ENGLAND AND WALES DURING THE WARS OF THE	
ROSES	351

# INDEX

Abbeville, 271, 317

- Acre, siege of, 179, 182-3
- Adrian IV, Pope, 258
- Aetius, 45-6, 48
- Agincourt, Battle of, 318-20, 323
- Agricola, 23-4, 26, 32
- Aidan, St, 63
- Alaric the Visigoth, 42
- Albany, house of, 253
- Albigenses, 209–10
- Albion, 10–11

Alcuin, 67, 75

- Aldershot, rout of Danes near, 98
- Aldhelm of Malmesbury, 68
- Aldred, Archbishop of York, 131
- Alençon, 121
- Alençon, Charles, Count of, at Crécy, 272– 273
- Alençon, John, first Duke of, at Agincourt, 319
- Alexander II, King of Scotland, 203
- Alexander III, King of Scotland, 236
- Alfred the Great, King of the English, 82-101; prepared to help Mercia, 79; builds up country's strength, 80, 92-3, 97-8; at Battle of Ashdown, 83-4; King of Wessex, 84; makes peace with the Danes, 84, 89, 92, 94; a fugitive, 89-90; defeats Danes at Ethandun, 91; his treatment of defeated enemy, 92, 99; navy of, 93-4; Book of Laws of, 94-5; achievements of, 96, 100; and third Viking invasion, 97-9; son of, 98; death of, 100; genealogical tree of, 105; Scots king descended from, 255; mentioned, 44, 52
- Alfred, Prince, son of Ethelred, 113
- Alnwick Castle, 356-7, 359-60
- Alphege, St, Archbishop of Canterbury, 108, 110
- America, Viking discovery of, 71, 73, 76 Andelys, 188
- Angers, 367-8
- Angevin Empire, 155, 161; loss of, 194
- Angles, the tribe, 51
- Anglesey (Mona), Roman attack on, 18– 19; subjugation of, 24; Edwin reduces, 60; shire of, 235

- Anglican Church, 64; effect of Conquest on, 139–40; fourteenth-century unpopularity of, 283–4
- Anglo-Saxon England, 64–8; art and culture, 68; administration, 105, 137. See also Saxons
- Anglo-Saxon Chronicle, 44; on William the Conqueror, 135–6; on Stephen's reign, 151–3; mentioned, 96, 99
- Anjou, Duchy of, Maine taken from, 124, 135, 148; Henry II, Count of, 154– 155, 160; King John's claim to, 190; Arthur does homage for, 192
- Anne, Queen of Richard III, 368, 377, 388, 390
- Anne of Bohemia, Queen of Richard II, 301-2
- Anselm, Archbishop of Canterbury, 139, 164
- Antioch, 142, 178, 182
- Antonine Wall, 33
- Antoninus Pius, Emperor, 32
- Appledore, Vikings at, 97
- Aquitaine, Duchy of, in Henry II's Empire, 155, 160; given to Richard I, 168; King John's claim to, 190, 192; Black Prince in, 280; England acquires in full sovereignty, 281
- Archers, of William I, 128-30; longbow, 235-6, 241, 262; cover invading troops, 268; at Crécy, 272-3, 280; defeated by gunpowder, 279; at Poitiers, 281; invincibility of English, 326-7; French strategy defeats, 332
- Army, Roman, in Britain, 28, 39; Saxon method of raising, 91, 93, 97, 137; feudal method of raising, 122, 136, 232-3, 235; mercenary, of King John, 203, 207; rise of paid regular, 233, 235; of William Wallace, 239; the long-bow and, 262-3, 272-3; expeditionary, of Edward III, 267-9; hired, 289-90; expeditionary, of Henry V, 316; private, of great nobles, 339

Arsuf, Battle of, 183

- Arteveldt, Jacques van, 267, 268
- Arthur, King, 46-8, 389
- Arthur, Prince, of Brittany, 191-3

- Artillery, French, 332-3; of Edward IV, 356-7
- Arundel, Richard, Earl of, Lord Appellant, 299-303
- Arundel, Thomas, Archbishop of Canterbury, 300, 308-9, 313
- Ascalon, Battle of, 143
- Ashdown, Battle of, 83-4
- Asser, Bishop of Sherborne, on Alfred, 82–3, 90, 96; on Danes in Mercia, 85; on Battle of Ethandun, 91
- Assizes, 157
- Athelney, Isle of, 89
- Athelstan, King of the English, 102-3
- Attainder, Act of, after Towton, 355
- Augustine, St, 58-60, 62, 64
- Augustus, Emperor, 25, 27
- Avignon, Popes in, 283
- Avranches, Compromise of, 167 Axholme, 222
- manonne, 222
- Badby, John, 323
- Bakewell, 101
- Ball, John, 292-3
- Balliol, house of, 237, 253
- Balliol, John, King of Scotland, 237-9
- Balue, Cardinal Jean, 367
- Bamburgh Castle, 356-7, 359
- Bannockburn, Battle of, 246-7
- Barnet, Battle of, 371-2
- Barons, feudal, 133, 136-7; revolts of, 141, 144; charter guaranteeing rights of, 143; manorial courts of, 146, 170, 174, 227; Henry I antagonises, 147, 150; regain power under Stephen, 151-2, 156; Henry II curbs power of, 170; John antagonises, 195, 198, 203; and Magna Carta, 198-201, 220; invite French king into England, 203-4; wars of, under Henry III, 204-7; angered at foreign favourites, 210-12; Simon de Montfort leads, 213; form commission to reform Government, 214, 215; split among, 217; turn against de Montfort, 218-20; Edward I seeks to curb, 225 227; oppose Edward I, 232-3; speak as leaders of national Opposition, 233; gain control of Curia, 245, 248; seek control of Household, 247-8; oppose Edward II, 247-50; of Scotland, James I disciplines, 253; Mortimer's quarrel with, 263-4
- Bath, Edgar's coronation at, 106 Battle, Abbot of, 291 Battle, trial by, 172–3 Baugé, Battle of, 326 Bayeux Tapestry, 123 Bayonne, 263

- Beaker people, 6
- Beaufort, Cardinal, Bishop of Winchester, 316, 335-6
- Beaufort, Lady Margaret, 389
- Beaufort, house of, barred from succession, 341, 384. See also Somerset, Duke of, Buckingham, second Duke of
- Beauvais, Bishop of, 331
- Bec, Abbey of, 140
- Becket, Thomas, Archbishop of Canterbury, 162-3; quarrel of, with Henry II, 164-6; martyrdom of, 166-7
- Bede, the Venerable, 64-5, 68; history of, 44-5, 51
- Bedford, 94; siege of castle at, 207
- Bedford, John, Duke of, Queen of Naples and, 321; Protector, 325; Regent and Commander-in-Chief in France, 326– 327; Joan of Arc in hands of, 331; death of, 332; wife of, 362; mentioned, 328
- Belgæ, 10-11, 15
- Benedict IX, Pope, 139
- Benedict XIII, Anti-Pope, 327
- Benfleet, Danes defeated at, 98-9
- Berengaria of Navarre, Queen of Richard I, 182
- Berkeley Castle, murder of Edward II in, 250
- Berkhamsted, 131
- Berkshire, subjugated by Offa, 66-7; manifesto of rectors of, 211
- Bertha, Queen, of Kent, 58
- Bertrand du Guesclin, 282
- Berwick, sacked by Edward I, 238-9; ceded to Edward III, 265; surrendered to Scotland, 356
- Berwick, Treaty of, 276
- Bible, Wyclif's translation of, 285
- Bigod-see Norfolk, Earls of
- Black Death, 278-9; aftermath of, 289-292; enduring legacies of, 295
- Blackheath, Lancastrians at, 344
- Blacklow Hill, 245
- Blackstone Edge, 33
- Boadicea, Queen, 19-22
- Bohemia, influence of Wyclif on, 296
- Bohun, Henry de, 246
- Boniface, St, 65, 68
- Bordeaux, siege of, 231; English possession of, 263; fall of, 345
- Boroughbridge, Battle of, 250
- Bosworth, Battle of, 392-4
- Boulogne, Roman, 40-1, 43; county of, 160
- Bourchier, Archbishop of Canterbury, 283
- Bouvines, Battle of, 198
- Brackenbury, Sir Robert, Constable of the Tower, 385

- Bracton, Henry of, 177
- Brandon, Sir William, 393
- Brantingham, Thomas, 300
- Breauté, Fawkes de, 207
- Brecknock, 384, 387
- Brentford, 13
- Brentwood, 208
- Brétigny, Treaty of, 281
- Brézé, Pierre de, 356-7
- Brian Boru, 257
- Bridgwater, riots in, 294
- Brigantes, 17
- Bristol, Henry of Lancaster in, 305
- Britain, Julius Cæsar's visits to, 3-5, 12-14; religion of, 4; Stone Age, 5-6; Bronze Age, 6-9; separated from Continent, 7; Iron Age, 8-10; Roman knowledge of, 10-11; Roman conquest of, 15-27; Tacitus describes, 23; pacification of, 23, 25; Roman, 27, 28-36; comforts and culture of, 28-9; towns of, 30-1, 41; stationary population of, 30; defences of, 32-3, 38-9, 41; roads of, 33; compared with modern, 34-5; lost security in, 37-8, 40-3; army withdrawn from, 40, 42-3; Saxon settlement in, 44-5, 49-51; end of Roman, 55; Saxon, survival of British in, 49-50; agriculture in, 49; society in, 51-3; Christian Church in, 56-60, 62-4. See also England
- British claimants for Imperial diadem, 40, 43
- Britons, Roman view of, 3; Stone Age, 5-6; Roman knowledge of, 11; fight against Romans, 12-14, 16-17; warchariots of, 13-14; revolt of, 18-22; Tacitus on, 23; in armies of Rome, 28-9, 39; under Roman system, 28-9, 39-40; escape to Brittany, 49, 127; survival of, after Saxon settlement, 49-50; oppose Saxon invaders, 54; retire to mountains, 54; join Mercia against Northumbria, 61-2; Offa and, 67-8
- Brittany, Duchy of, assists in Norman invasion, 127; Henry II Lord of, 160, 162; given to Geoffrey, son of Henry II, 168; John's claim to, 190; lost to France, 193; disputed succession to, 268
- Brittany, Francis II, Duke of, aids Henry Tudor, 387, 389
- Brittany, John V, Duke of, 328
- Bronze Age, 6-9
- Bruce, house of, 237, 252-3, 256; Irish, 259
- Brunanburh, Battle of, 102-3

Buchan, Earl of, 326

- Buckingham, Humphrey Stafford, first Duke of, 337, 348
- Buckingham, Henry Stafford, second Duke of, supports Richard III, 379, 382; turns against Richard, 384-5; rising of, 386-7; death of, 387
- Burgh, Hubert de, and death of Arthur, 193; during the minority of Henry III, 204, 207; character of, 206; victory of, off Dover, 207; rules England, 207; opposed to war in France, 208; fall of, 208-10
- Burgh, William de, 258
- Burgred, King of Mercia, 85, 92
- Burgundy, alliance of, with England, 316-17, 320-1, 326; cause of rift with England, 327-8; helps Margaretagainst Edward, 356; Margaret appeals to, 357; titled refugees in, 364; Edward IV makes alliance with, 364-5, 367, 375; France and England combine against, 369-70
- Burgundy, Charles, Duke of (the Bold), 357; marriage of, 365; Edward takes refuge with, 369; "betrayed" by Edward IV, 375
- Burgundy; John, Duke of, 316-17, 320
- Burgundy, Philip, Duke of, 327-8, 331-2, 357
- Burh, strong-point, 93
- Burley, Simon, 297, 300
- Burnell, Robert, Bishop of Bath and Wells, 226, 229, 231
- Bury St Edmunds, 232, 294
- Bushy, Sir John, 302, 305
- Butler, Eleanor, 376 Butler family of Ormond, 258
- Byrhtnoth, alderman of Essex, 106-7
- Byzantine Empire, seeks help against the Turks, 142; difficulties of Crusaders in, 182

Cade, Jack, 338, 341

- Cadwallon, King of North Wales, 61-2; Tudor descent from, 389
- Cadzand, landing at, 268
- Caen, burial of the Conqueror in, 135; Edward III captures, 269; Henry V captures, 320
- Caerleon-on-Usk, 28, 40
- Calais, besieged by Edward III, 276-7; story of the burghers of, 277; ceded to England, 281; murder of Gloucester at, 303; Henry V marches to, 316-20; sole French possession of England, 333, 339; mortgaged to Louis XI, 356; Warwick and Clarence land from, 365;

they are refused admittance to, 367; mentioned, 314

- Caledonia, people of, 23, 26-7; Roman campaign in, 24, 26, Roman wall across, 33
- Cambridge, Henry VI founds King's College at, 334, 338-9

Cambridgeshire, Peasants' Revolt in, 295 Campbell, house of, 256

- Canterbury, Augustine founds church at, 58; coins from mint of, 67; sack of, 108; death of Becket at, 166-7; selection of Archbishop of, 195-6; mentioned, 62, 64, 110
- Cantiaci, 50
- Canute, King of the English, 108-11, II3
- Caractacus, 16-18
- Carausius, 40-1
- Carlisle, 32, 203
- Carucage, 181
- Cassivellaunus, 13-14
- Castillon, Battle of, 333, 345
- Castles, Norman, 133, 135; in Stephen's reign, 152-3; siege engines against, 236
- Catesby, Sir William, 388, 392-3

Cathares, 209

- Catherine, Queen of Henry V, 320-1; marries Owen Tudor, 389
- Cavalry, Arthurian, 48; Norman, 128; eclipse of mailed, 235; long-bows against, 262, 273-4
- Celtic inroads on Britain, 8-11; survivals in Saxon Britain, 50; missionaries, 63; art, 68
- Celtic Churches, 56-60, 63-4
- Cerdic, 51
- Cerne Abbey, 372
- Chaluz, 189
- Chancery, the, 229
- Chariot-fighting, 13
- Charles I, Holy Roman Emperor (Charlemagne), 66-7, 76, 96-7
- Charles III, Holy Roman Emperor, 97 Charles IV, Holy Roman Emperor, 273
- Charles III, King of France, 103, 112
- Charles IV, King of France, 250, 266
- Charles VI, King of France, 316; daughter of, 302; recognises Henry V as his heir, 320; death of, 325-6
- Charles VII, King of France (Dauphin), and Henry V, 317-18; reigns in Southern France, 326; weakness of, 328; Joan of Arc recognises, 329; coronation of, 330; abandons Joan, 332
- Charles Martel, 70
- Château Gaillard, 188, 194
- Chaucer, Geoffrey, 298

- Cheney, Sir John, 393
- Cheshire, Peasants' Revolt in, 294
- Chester, Roman base at, 18, 28, 34, 40; Vikings raid, 106; submits to William, 132
- Chester, Ranulf de Blundevill, Earl of, 203-4
- Chester, Ranulf de Gernon, Earl of, 154 Chester-le-Street, 88
- Chichester, see transferred to, 140
- Chinon, death of Henry II at, 169
- Chippenham, Battle of, 89, 91
- Christianity, in Roman Empire, 35-6, 56; British, 56-60, 62-4; Ireland converted to, 56-7; English conversion to, 57-61, 63; first international organisation, 69; conversion of Danes to, 88, 92, 99
- Church, the, British versus Papal, 57-60, 62-4; sanctuary of learning and knowledge, 69; power and riches of, 70, 77, 162, 335; Viking raids and, 75, 77; Norman relations with, 112; effect of Conquest on English, 139-40; Stephen antagonises, 151-2; challenge of, to State, 162-3; raises money for Richard's ransom, 186; John seizes lands of, 196; opposes Papal sovereignty of England, 197; supports Henry III, 204-5; foreigners appointed to benefices of, 212; refuses aid to Henry, 212; Edward I and, 225, 229-30; and Statute of Mortmain, 227; taxation of lands of. 231-2; in Scotland, 256; unpopularity of, in fourteenth century, 283-4; claims exemption from taxation, 284; Wyclif and, 284-5, 296; as landlord after Black Death, 291; demand for division of property of, 293-5, 310, 323; suppression of Lollards by, 295-6; and punishment of heresy, 310
- Cinque Ports, 203, 218, 267
- Cirencester, rising in, 311
- Civil Service, Norman beginnings of, 145, 151, 188; under Edward I, 229
- Clarence, George, Duke of, plots against Edward IV, 365-7; takes refuge in France, 367; rejoins his brother, 368-369, 371; death of, 376-7
- Clarence, Isabella, Duchess of, 365, 367
- Clarence, Lionel, Duke of, 260
- Clarendon, Constitutions of, 157, 164-5, 167
- Classis Britannica, 39
- Claudian, court poet, 42
- Claudius Cæsar, 15-18
- Clement IV, Pope, 222
- Clifford, eighth Baron, 347-8

- Clifford, ninth Baron, 351-2, 354
- Clito, William the, 148
- Clontarf, Battle of, 257
- Clyde, river, Romans reach, 24
- Cobham, Eleanor, 335
- Coinage, Belgic, 10-11; Arabic, of Offa, 67
- Colchester, founding of, 10; capital of Cunobelinus, 16; sacking of, 20; London supersedes, 31
- Collingbourne, sometime Sheriff of Worcester, 388
- Colman, Bishop, 63
- Columba, St, 57
- Common Law, 170-7; origins of, 95, 157; trial by jury in, 171-3, 175; courts of, 174; writ system in, 174-175; dates from 1189, 175; differs from Roman law, 176; largely unwritten, 176; "case law" in, 177; bounds fixed to freedom of, 242
- Common Pleas, Court of, 174
- Commons, House of, of Edward III, 282-283. See Parliament
- Compiègne, Joan of Arc captured at, 331
- Comyn, John ("the Red"), 241, 251
- Connaught, 259
- "Conquistadores", 258
- Conrad, Emperor, 110
- Conrad of Montferrat, 179, 183
- Constantine, Emperor, 33, 43
- Constantine, King of the Scots, 102-3
- Constantinople, Norsemen attack, 71, 73, 76; First Crusade at, 142; Third Crusade at, 182
- Constantius Chlorus, Emperor, 29, 41 Cork, 257 Cornwall, Viking raids on, 106
- Coroner, 187
- Count of the Saxon Shore, 38, 41
- Counties, seat of potential opposition, 138 County courts, 138, 146
- Courtenay, William, Archbishop of Canterbury, 295-6
- Courts of justice, under Henry I, 146-7
- Coutances, Walter de, Archbishop of Rouen, 185, 187
- Coventry, Warwick in, 370
- Crassus, Triumvir, 3
- Cravant, Battle of, 326
- Crécy, Battle of, 271-6, 317-18
- Cricklade, Danes at, 100
- Cromwell, Oliver, and the Jews, 228 Crown, the Normans strengthen power
- of, 145; revenues of Norman, 145-6; theory of divine appointment of, 145, 163; as protector of people, 146, 225; quarrels between Church and, 162-3,

225, 229-230; bound by law, 201; victory of barons over, 214, 215-17; money-raising difficulties of, 231, 266, 269, 289, 298; relations between Parliament and, 242-3; of Scotland, 255; finances of, 374; gains from Wars of Roses, 375; powers of, under Tudors, 395

- Crusade, First, 141-3; "People's", 142; Third, 178-9, 182-3, 188; Henry IV dreams of, 314; Henry V dreams of, 315, 322, 324
- Cumberland, Rufus conquers, 141
- Cunobelinus, 16
- Curia Regis, Norman, 112, 137, 145; of Henry II, 174; elected members of, 212; and development of Parliament, 216; barons gain control of, under Edward II, 245
- Cuthbert, St, relics of, 88
- Cynric, SI
- Cyprus, 181-3
- Danegeld, 84, 88; retained by Normans, 137
- Danelaw, 88, 94; Danes attack from, 98-100; conquest of, 101; Sweyn subdues, 108
- Danes, invade England, 49, 76-80; raids of, 71-2, 75, 98; cruelty of, 71; settlements of, 80, 85-6, 88; defeated at Ashdown, 83-4; Alfred comes to terms with, 84, 89, 92; bequests of, to English character, 86, 104; conversion of, to Christianity, 88, 92, 99, 100; treachery of, 89, 98; submit to Edward the Elder, 101; at Battle of Maldon, 106-7; massacre of, 107; conquer England, 107-9. See also Vikings
- Dartmouth, 369
- David, St, 56
- David I, King of Scotland, 151-2, 154
- David II, King of Scotland, 251-2, 265, 276
- De Heretico Comburendo, 310

Deal, 12

- Deddington, 245
- Derby, Danes in, 80
- Despenser, Bishop le, of Norwich, 294
- Despenser, Hugh, father and son, 249-50
- Devon, Humphrey Stafford, Earl of, 365-366
- Devon, Thomas, fifth Earl of, 346, 355
- Devon, John, eighth Earl of, 372
- Devonshire, Viking raids on, 106; rising against Richard III in, 387
- Dio Cassius, 26
- Diocletian, Emperor, 40-1

26-E.S.P.

Domesday Book, 136-8, 172

Domitian, Emperor, 32

Doncaster, 61

Dorchester, 74

- Dorsct, Celtic conquest of, 10
- Dorset, Earl of-see Somerset, third Duke of
- Dorset, Marquis of, 390
- Douglas, Archibald, Earl of, 326
- Douglas, Sir James, and Bruce's heart, 251
- Douglases, "Black" and "Red", 254
- Dover, Roman fleet off, 12; Romano-British naval station, 39; King John at, 197
- Dover, Straits of, 7
- Druidism, 4, 19, 23
- Dublin, foundation of, 73, 76, 257; Viking kings of, 80, 102-3; the "Pale" of, 258
- Duel, trial by, 172
- Duke of the Northern Marches, 38, 41

Dumbarton, 80

- Dumfries, 241
- Dundalk, Battle of, 259
- Dunois, Jean, 330, 332
- Dunstable, 353
- Dunstan, Archbishop of Canterbury, 104, 109
- Dunstanburgh Castle, 356
- Dupplin Moor, Battle of, 265
- Durham, Prince-Bishops of, 88, 132
- East Anglia, Celtic missionaries in, 63; Offa beheads king of, 67; Viking raids on, 74; conquered by Vikings, 78-80; Vikings settle in, 85, 92; Danish legacies to, 86, 88; attacks by Dancs from, 100; conquest of, by Edward I, 101; Black Death in, 292; Peasants' Revolt in, 294
- Ecclesiastical courts, 167, 230
- Edgar, King of the English, 104-6
- Edgar the Atheling, 142
- Edgcott, Battle of, 366
- Edinburgh, yields to Edward I, 239
- Edmund, St, King of East Anglia, 80, 110
- Edmund Ironside, 108-9
- Edmund the Atheling, King, 103
- Edred, King, 103
- Edward the Confessor, King, 113-14; Laws of, 95; death of, 117, 124
- Edward the Elder, King, 98, 100-1
- Edward I, King of England, Common Law in reign of, 176; builds up royalist party, 218; captured at Lewes, 218-19; unites baronial party, 221; defeats de Montfort, 221-2, 244; follows policy

of moderation, 222; on Crusade, 223; influence of de Montfort on, 223; long "apprenticeship" of, 224; character and appearance of, 224-5; accession of, 225; administrative reforms of, 225-6, 228-230, 242-3; statutory achievements of, 226-8, 242; expels Jews, 228; in conflict with Church, 229-30, 232; and war with France, 230-1, 238; in conflict with barons, 232-3, 244; conquers Wales, 234-6, 244; arbitrates in Scottish succession, 237-8; at war with Scotland, 239-41; and Ireland, 259; mentioned, 217

- Edward II, plan to marry Margaret of Scotland, 236-7; marriage of, 240; weakness of, 244, 247; favourites of, 245, 248, 250; defeated at Bannockburn, 245-7; builds up royalist party, 249; murder of, 250-1
- Edward III, used as pawn in deposition of father, 250; Balliol's concessions to, 265; minority of, 263-4; marriage of, 264; French wars of, 266-77, 280-1; Navy of, 268; money-raising methods of, 269; at Crécy, 271-6; Parliamentary development in reign of, 282-3; old age and death of, 285-6; descendants of, and Wars of Roses, 340-1; mentioned, 262
- Edward IV, accession of, 310; Earl of March, 344; Duke of York, 352; enters London, 353, 371, 373; declared King, 354-5; ill-requited elemency of, 356-9, 361; character of, 361-2, 375-6; marriage of, 362-3, 376-7, 382; makes alliance with Burgundy, 364-5; Warwick plots against, 365, 367; in hands of Warwick, 366; Warwick and Margaret combine against, 367-8; makes overtures to Clarence, 368-9; followers desert, 369; Burgundy supports, 369; defeats Warwick, 370-2; defeats Margaret at Tewkesbury, 372-3; "lives of his own", 374-6; and death of Clarence, 376; death of, 377, 378; question of legitimacy of, 382
- Edward V, ousting of, 310, 382; under protection of Earl Rivers, 378; Richard obtains possession of, 379; in Tower, 380; question of legitimacy of, 382-3; murder of, 385-6
- Edward, Prince of Wales (the Black Prince), at Crécy, 271, 273-4; at Poitiers, 280-1; death of, 286
- Edward, Prince of Wales, son of Henry VI, birth of, 345-6; disinherited by father, 351; fierceness of, 352-3; with

his mother in escape and exile, 357-8, 367-8; betrothal of, 368, 377; lands in England, 372; death of, 373

- Edward Balliol, King of Scotland, 265
- Edward Bruce, King of Ireland, 259
- Edwin, Earl, 125, 128, 132
- Edwin, King of Northumbria, 60-1
- Egbert, King of Northumbria, 80
- Egbert, King of Wessex, 82
- Eginhard, on Viking raids, 76
- Egypt, Jerusalem in hands of, 142-3
- Eleanor of Aquitaine, Queen of Henry II, divorce and marriage of, 155, 161; estranged from Henry, 160, 168; Richard leaves England in charge of, 181, 185-6; at death of Richard, 189; and accession of John, 191; Arthur attacks, 192-3; death of, 195
- Eleanor of Castile, Queen of Edward I, 231
- Eleanor of Provence, Queen of Henry III, 211, 220, 231
- Elfric, Abbot of Eynsham, Catholic Homilies of, 105
- Elizabeth, Princess, marriage of, with Henry Tudor, 386, 389-90, 394; Rich-' ard III-and, 390
- Elizabeth Woodville, Queen of Edward IV, 362-3; ennoblement of family of, 363-4, 378; question of validity of marriage of, 379, 382; children of, 377; takes sanctuary, 379-80, 382, 386; accused of witchcraft, 381; taken into favour, 390
- Ella, 51
- Ella, King of Northumbria, 78
- Ellandun, Battle of, 82
- Ely, 113, 222; Castle of, 132
- Emma of Normandy, Queen, 110, 113
- England, barbaric and heathen, 55; Christianity reaches, 57-61; conflict between Roman and British Churches in, 59-60, 63-4; Northumbrian overlordship of, 60-1; Anglo-Saxon, 64-8; Viking attacks on, 71, 74-80, 97-9, 106-8; poor defences of, 77, 116; Danes settle in, 80-1, 85, 86, 88; reconquest of, 101, 102-3; administra-tive reconstruction of, under Edgar, 104; Saxon monarchy of, 113, 116; political weakness in, under Edward the Confessor, 115-16; justification for Norman invasion of, 122; Norman invasion of, 126-30, 131-2; subjugation of, 132-3, 135; castles arise in, 132-3, 135; French culture in, 133; effect of Norman conquest on, 136-40; Saxon local government retained in, 137-8;

new bishoprics and abbeys in, 139-40; barons' revolts in, 141, 144, 203-7; administrative machinery of Henry I and Henry II, 145-7, 157, 170-5, 188, 194; disputed succession to throne, 148, 150; civil war in, 151-4, 156, 218-219, 221-3 (see also Roses, Wars of); a coherent kingdom, 157; at war with France, 161-2, 186-8, 230-1, 238-40, 265-77, 280-2, 298, 315-20, 322-3, 375; Constitution of, 170, 216, 243; Crusading zeal in, 179; Richard I raises money in, 181; collection of ransom money in, 185-6; under Hubert Walter's administration, 187, 194; awakening of nationalism in, 191; loses Angevin Empire, 194; laid under interdict, 196; a fief of the Papacy, 197, 203; rebellion in, against John, 203-4; champions of rights of, 205-6, 208-9; beginnings of Parliament in, 215-16, 242-3; unrest in, after de Montfort's death, 222; money-lending in, 227-8; at war with Scotland, 231, 238-42, 245, 251-3, 265; claims overlordship of Scotland, 237; aids Douglases against Stuarts, 254; intervention of, in Ireland, 256-61; claims throne of France, 266-7; wool trade of, 266-7, 269; Calais falls to, 277; Black Death in, 278-9; French acquisitions of, 281; eagerness for war in, 289, 298, 315; wish for practical freedom in, 296; succession in male line in, 310; wealthy warring nobles of, 335, 339-40; anger in, at loss of France, 336-8, 345; relapsing into barbaric confusion, 340; the Duke of York restores order in, 345-6; weakened by civil wars, 364; and balance of power, 364

- English, first King of, 66; Norman intermarriage with, 133; of fourteenth century compared with French, 296-7; driven out of France, 330, 332-3, 335, 339; Joan of Arc sold to, 331-2; distrust of, for Richard III, 383
- English Channel, Romans prepare to cross, 4-5; damage to Roman ships in, 12-13; fights between English and French in, 230, 267-8
- English language, first public document issued in, 215
- Eric, King of East Anglia, 100
- Ermine Street, 128
- Essex, Celtic conquest of, 10; Peasants' Revolt in, 293; Yorkist sympathies of, 353; feeling against Richard III in, 384 Ethandun, Battle of, 91
- Demandan, Date

- Ethelbald, King of Mercia, 65
- Ethelbert, King of Kent, 58-60
- Ethelfleda, "Lady of the Mercians", 101 Ethelred, Earl of Mercia, marries Alfred's daughter, 92, 101; London in keeping of, 93; fights Vikings, 98; death of, 101
- Ethelred, King of Wessex, 79-80, 82-4
- Ethelred the Unready, King of the English, 106-9, 113
- Ethelwald, 100
- Ethelwold, Bishop of Winchester, 104
- Eton, Henry VI founds college at, 334, 338-9
- Evesham, Battle of, 221-2
- Exchequer of Henry I, 146; of Edward I, 229
- Exchequer, Court of, 174
- Exeter, seized by Danes, 89; besieged by Danes, 98; massacre in, 107; see transferred to, 140
- Exeter, Henry Holland, Duke of, 357, 364
- Exeter, Lord, 351, 355
- Exmoor, Danish defeat on, 90-1
- Fabyan, Richard, 383
- Falaise, 121-2, 193
- Falkirk, Battle of, 240-1
- Falstaff, Sir John, 326
- Faringdon, Thomas, 293
- Faroe Islands, 76
- Fen Country, ravages of barons in, 152-3
- Ferry Bridge, skirmish at, 354
- Feudal levy, disappearance of, 233, 235; at Falkirk, 240
- Feudal system, strength of, 122, 143; sanctity of oaths in, 124-5, 150; essence of, 137; English distinct from Continental, 138; central power supersedes, 157, 162; infringements of privileges of, 194-5; and Magna Carta, 200-1; development from, in Edward I's reign, 226; disappearance of physical basis of, 236; in Scotland, 255; introduced into Ireland, 256-7; effect of Black Death on, 290-2
- FitzAlan, Walter, 252
- Fitzgerald family, 258, 260
- Flagellants, 279
- Flanders, William I allied to, 124; assists in Norman invasion, 127; county of, 160; campaign of Edward I in, 232; embargo on wool trade with, 266-7; French vengeance on, 268
- Flint Castle, 306
- Florentine bankers, 228, 269
- Forest, Charter of the, 232

Fortescue, Sir John, 297

Forth, river, Romans reach, 24

France, Arab threat to, 70; Viking raids on, 71, 76, 96-7; assists in Norman invasion, 127; seeks to weaken Norman dukes, 133-4, 147, 160-1; war between England and, 148, 161-2, 186-8, 230-1, 238-40, 265-77, 280-2, 290, 315-20, 322-3, 326-33, 375; Henry II's possessions in, 154-5, 160-161; Crusading zeal in, 179; feeling of unity in, 191; regains Normandy, 193-194; Henry III sails for, 208; suppression of Albigenses in, 209-10; Constitution of, 216; Scotland's alliance with, 231, 238, 252, 265, 276; Scottish ruling houses and, 252; army of, 262; concessions to (1327), 263; English claim to throne of, 266-7; defeat of, 281-2; alliance of Richard II with, 302; mortal strife of parties in, 316; Henry VI crowned King of, 325-6; Scots army in, 326; conception of nationality in, 327, 331; English driven from, 330, 332-3, 335, 339, 345; truce with, 336-7, 339; Maine ceded to, 337-8; helps Margaret of Anjou, 355-7; havoc caused by wars in, 355; English refugees in, 364; Warwick seeks alliance with, 363-4; combines with England against Burgundy, 369-70; Edward IV's treaty with,

375; Henry Tudor takes refuge in, 389 Franchise, statute of 1429 fixing, 339

- Franks, kings of, 96-7; in Palestine, 143; jury originating among, 172
- Frederick I, Holy Roman Emperor (Barbarossa), 168; Crusade of, 179-80, 182
- Frederick II, Holy Roman Emperor, 211, 213
- French people, of fourteenth century, compared with English, 296-7; artillery, defeats English, 332-3
- Fréteval, 165-6
- Froissart, quotations from, 251, 268, 270; on Crécy, 270–4, 276
- Fulk, King of Jerusalem, 154
- Fyrd, Saxon militia, supports King Alfred, 91, 93, 97; at Hastings, 128–9; supports the Conqueror, 133; supports Rufus, 141; becomes a corps of paid mercenaries, 235

Galloway, 255

- Garter, Order of the, 286
- Gascony, English possessions in, 155, 263; Simon de Montfort governor of, 213; declared forfeit, 230-1; campaigns in, 231, 280; barons refuse to

serve in, 232-3; mercenaries from, 235; seized by Charles IV, 250; warfare on frontiers of, 265, 268; English confirmed in possession of, 281; loss of, 339, 345

Gaul, 3, 42

Gauls, British affinities to, 23

Gaveston, Piers, 245, 249

Genoese cross-bowmen, 268, 270; at Crécy, 272-3

Geoffrey, Count of Anjou, 150, 154

Geoffrey, Duke of Brittany, 168, 190

Geoffrey of Monmouth, 46-7

Gerald of Windsor, 258

Gerberoi, 134

- Germanus, St, 43-4, 56
- Germany, Roman wars in, 3–4; invaders from, 44, 48, 51–4; Crusading zeal in, 179, 182; Cœur de Lion imprisoned in, 184–5

Ghent, 267-8

Gildas the Wise, 44-9, 65

Gisors, 188

Glendower, Owen, 311-13

Gloucester, 20, 204

- Gloucester, Humphrey, Duke of, at Agincourt, 319; marriages of, 322, 327, 335; Protector, 325, 327; Beaufort's plot against, 335-7; death of, 337
- Gloucester, Thomas of Woodstock, Duke of, 298-9, 306

Gloucester, Gilbert de Clare, Earl of, 220-222

- Gloucester, Richard de Clare, Earl of, 217-218
- Gloucester, Robert, Earl of, 151, 154

Gloucester, Statute of, 227

Godfrey de Bouillon, 142-3

Godwin, Earl, 113-15, 123

Gokstad long-ship, 72-3

Gordon, house of, 256

Gratian, Emperor, 42

Gratianus, usurper, 43

Great Council, elected members of, 212

Greene, Sir Henry, 302, 305

Greenland, 76

Gregory I, Pope, 58

Gregory VII, Pope, 139, 163

Gregory IX, Pope, 211-12

Grey, Lord, 379, 381

Grey, Sir John, 362

Grey, Sir Ralph, 357

Grey of Ruthven, Lord, 349

- Grosseteste, Robert, Bishop of Lincoln, 205, 212–13
- Guienne, 192; Henry II Lord of, 160; loss of, 333

Gunnhild, death of, 107

Guns, James II of Scotland's interest in, 254; at siege of Calais, 276; invention of, 279. See also Artillery

Guthlac, St, 65

Guthrum I, King of the Danes, attack of, 88; defeat and conversion of, 91-2;

Alfred's treaty with, 94; death of, 97

Guthrum II, King of the Danes, 100-1

Guy of Lusignan, King of Jerusalem, 178

Hadrian, Emperor, 32

- Hadrian of Carthage, Christian missionary, 64
- Hadrian's Wall, building of, 32-3; attacks on, 38; piercing of, 41-2, 45; battle between Britons and Saxons on, 62

Hæsten, Viking leader, 98-9

Hainault, Sir John, 274

Hales, Sir Robert, 293

Halfdene, King of the Vikings, 88

Halidon Hill, Battle of, 265

Halley's Comet, 125

Hall's Chronicle, 349

Hampshire, Celtic conquest of, 10; British place-names in, 50

Hardicanute, 113

Harfleur, capture of, 317–18; Richmond embarks from, 391

Harlech Castle, 351; siege of, 360, 389

Harold, King of the English, rules under Edward, 115; promises the crown to William, 123; crowned King, 124–5; defeats Northern invaders, 125–6; at Battle of Hastings, 128–30

Harold Hardrada, King of Norway, 125– 126

Hastings, Lord, 379-81

Hastings, Battle of, 128-30, 160

Hattin, Battle of, 178

Hedgeley Moor, Battle of, 359

Hengist, 45, 51; founds monarchy in Kent, 67

Henry V, Holy Roman Emperor, 147

Henry VI, Holy Roman Emperor, 184-6

Henry I, King of England, father's legacy to, 134; accession of, 143; Saxon wife of, 144; conquers Normandy, 144; internal government of, 145–7, 170; fights in France, 148; loses his son, 148; death of, 150; bastard son of, 151; and the Church, 164

Henry II, leads Maud's forces against Stephen, 154; Empire of, 154-5, 157, 160-1, 168; renders homage to Louis VII, 154-5; marries Eleanor, 155; victories of, 156; accession of, 156, 157; administrative achievements of,

157, 170-5; quarrel of, with Church, 158, 162-7; appearance and character of, 158; sons of, 161, 168-9; and Becket, 162-7; death of, 169, 179; changes in the law in time of, 177; Irish adventures of, 257-8

- Henry III, accession of, 204-5; achievements of reign of, 205; Court party of, 208, 210-11; sails for France, 208; character of, 211; foreign favourites of, 211-12; efforts to get money, 212, extravagant follies of, 213; opposition to, 213; yields to pressure, 214; repudiates reforms, 217; captured at Lewes, 218-19; at Battle of Evesham, 222; last years and death of, 223
- Henry IV, son of John of Gaunt, 297; opposes Richard II, 299; reconciled to Richard, 300, 302, 304; exiled, 304; revolt of, 305; ascends throne, 306; character of, 308, 311; constitutional monarch, 308-9, 313; plots and risings against, 311-13; illness and death of, 313-14
- Henry V, holds Scottish king prisoner, 253; as Prince of Wales, 313-14, 315; character and appearance of, 315, 322-323; at war with France, 316-20; at Agincourt, 318-20; recognised as King of France, 320; position of, in Europe, 321-2; national outlook of, 322; persecutes Lollards, 323-4; death of, 324
- Henry VI, virtues and weaknesses of, 325-6, 334-5, 338; people's love for, 326; crowned in Paris, 332, 334; marriage of, 336-7; seeks to save Suffolk, 338; right of succession of, 340-2; refuses to nominate York as heir, 342, 344; madness of, 345-6; birth of son to, 345; in Yorkist hands, 348, 351; settles succession on York, 351; at second Battle of St Albans, 352; reunited to Queen, 353; after Battle of Towton, 355; retires to Cumberland, 357; Somerset rejoins, 358-9; imprisoned in Tower, 359, 371; brought out from prison to the throne, 369-70; murder of, 373
- Henry VII, at Harlech, 360; and the princes in the Tower, 385-6; marriage of, 386, 389-90, 394; abortive invasion of, 387; claim of, to throne, 388-9; in France, 389-90; invades England, 391-3; accession of, 394-5
- Henry I, King of France, 121-2
- Henry, Duke of Normandy, crowned in father's lifetime, 165-6; rebellion of, 168; death of, 169

Henry, Duke of Saxony, 168

- Henry of Blois, Bishop of Winchester, 151-2
- Heptarchy, the, 65
- Hereford, Humphrey de Bohun, Earl of, 232-3
- Heresy, punishment of, 310
- Hereward the Wake, 132

Herodotus, 10

- "Herrings, Battle of the", 326-7
- Hertfordshire, Celtic conquest of, 10; Peasants' Revolt in, 294
- Hexham, Battle of, 359
- Highlands, a federation of clans, 255-6
- Historia Britonum, 44
- Holt Castle, 358
- Honorius, Emperor, 43
- Horsa, 51
- Hospitallers, 178
- Hotspur-see Percy, Henry
- Hugh the Great, 103
- Humber, the, 45, 79, 125
- Hundred Years War, 267-77
- Hundreds, 104, 138
- Hungerford, Sir Walter, 318
- Huntingdonshire, Peasants' Revolt in, 294 Huss, John, 296
- Iceland, 11, 71
- Iceni, revolt of, 19
- Ida, King of Northumberland, 51
- Ierne, 10-11
- Illyrians, 29, 35 Innocent III, Pope, and King John, 195–8
- Innocent IV, Pope, 212
- Inns of Court, 176-7
- Iona, 57, 63; Viking raids on, 75
- Ireland, St Patrick in, 56-7; Church of, 57, 63; battles between Norsemen in, 71; Viking raids on, 75-6, 78, 257; Danes settle in, 80; Normans and, 135, 257; Henry II Lord of, 168; medieval, 256-61; High King of, 256-7; English in, 256-61; Anglo-Norman barons of, 257-9; Parliament of, 258; English kings visit, 259; Duke of York in, 341-2, 349; in Tudor times, 261; reservoir of men and supplies, 298; Richard II's expedition to, 301, 305-6
- Iron Age, 8-10
- Isaac II, Emperor, 182
- Isabella, Queen of Edward II, marries Edward, 240; unites with Mortimer to depose Edward, 250; rule of, 263-4; imprisonment of, 264
- Isabella, King John's Queen, 212
- Islam, rise of, 70
- Isles, Lord of the, 253

Italy, money-lenders from, 228 Ivar the Boneless, 78–80 Ivo Taillefer, 129

- Jacqueline, Princess of Holland and Hainault, 322, 327, 335
- Jacquetta of Luxembourg, 362
- Jaffa, 183
- James I, King of Scotland, 253
- James II, 253-4
- James III, 255
- James IV, 256
- James the Deacon, 62-3
- Jargeau, 330
- Jarrow, Danes defeated at, 75
- Jerusalem, recovered in First Crusade, 142-3; taken by Saladin, 178; viewed by Cœur de Lion, 183; struggle for crown of, 183; titular kingdom of, 336-337
- Jews, acquire land, 227-8; expulsion of, 228
- Joan of Arc, visions of, 328; convinces King and Court, 329; victories of, 329– 330; seeks to go home, 331; trial and execution of, 331-2
- John, King of Bohemia, 273
- John, King of England, rebels against his father, 169; plots against Richard, 183, 185-6, 188; estates of, 184; forgiven by Richard, 187; ascends throne, 189, 191; character of, 190; refuses to attend French Court, 192; captures and kills Arthur, 192-3; loses French provinces, 194; antagonises barons, 195, 198, 203; quarrels with Papacy, 195-6; in partnership with Papacy, 197-8; signs Magna Carta, 199; death of, 199, 203-4; in Ireland, 259
- John II, King of France, 280-1
- John of Gaunt-see Lancaster, Duke of
- Julius Cæsar, determines on conquest of Britain, 3-5; campaigns of, 12-14
- Julius Classicianus, 23
- Jury system, 171-3, 175
- Justices, of labour, 291; royal, 146, 173; travelling, 174

Jutes, 51

#### Kenilworth, 221-2

Kent, Celtic conquest of, 10–11; Roman conquest of, 16; Jutish conquest of, 45, 50–1; converted to Christianity, 58; Offa's subjugation of, 67; unites with Wessex, 82; Viking attacks on, 97–8, 107; rallies to Harold, 128; Peasants' Revolt in, 292; Cade's rebellion in, 338, 341; Yorkist sympathies

- of, 341, 344, 353; supports Warwick, 369; feeling against Richard III in, 384, 387
- Kent, Edmund of Woodstock, Earl of, 264

Kent, Thomas Holland, third Earl of, 311 Kildare, Viking raids on, 75

- Kilkenny, Statutes of, 260
- King's Bench, Court of, 174
- King's Council-see Curia Regis
- King's courts, 146, 171-5
- King's Peace, 171
- Knights Hospitallers, 178
- Knights Templars, 178
- Kyriel, Sir Thomas, 352-3

Labourers, Statute of (1351), 291

- Labrador, 76
- Lambeth, provincial Council of, 230; sacked in Peasants' Revolt, 293
- Lancaster, house of, accession to throne of, 306; disputes among lords of, 335; faction against 336, 338; loss of France blamed on, 339; predominant in North, 342, 353, 355; recovers power after St Albans, 349; attempts at reconciliation with Yorkists, 349; defeat of, at Towton, 354-5; execution of leaders of, 359; marriage uniting Yorkists with, 386, 394
- Lancaster, John of Gaunt, Duke of, in Brittany, 280; joins Wyclif in campaign against Church, 284-5; burning of Savoy palace of, 293; Wyclif loses support of, 295; in Spain, 297, 300; joins Richard II, 302; death of, 305; legitimatised bastards of, 341; mentioned, 289
- Lancaster, Henry, Earl of, 264
- Lancaster, Thomas, Earl of, 249-50
- Land tenure, Anglo-Saxon, 116, 137; Norman, based on military service, 122, 136–7; Magna Carta and, 201; Statutes of Westminster and, 227
- Lanfranc, Archbishop of Canterbury, 139-140, 162-3
- Langland, William, 290, 292
- Langton, Stephen, Archbishop of Canterbury, 195-6; opposes Papal sovereignty of England, 197; influences barons, 198; at Runnymede, 199; character of, 205-6; mentioned, 207

Langton, Walter, Bishop of Lichfield, 229

- Law, sovereignty of, 201-2
- Laws, Alfred's Book of, 94-5; of Edward the Confessor, 95, 144. See also Common Law
- Le Mans, 192; Battle of, 169, 179

- Lea, river, boundary of Danelaw, 94; Danish ships in, 99
- Leicester, Danes in, 80; captured from Danes, 101; Great Council at, 347
- Leinster, King of, 257
- Leopold, Duke, of Austria, 183-4
- Lesnes Abbey, 293
- Lewes, Battle of, 218-19
- Liddington Camp, 48
- Lillebonne, Council of, 126
- Limerick, Viking women in, 72; foundation of, 257
- Lincoln, Roman legion in, 20-1; Danes in, 80; the "Fair" of, 206-7; Parliament at, 233
- Lincoln, Battle of, 152
- Lindisfarne, 74-5, 88
- Lindisfarne Gospels, 68
- Literature, beginning of English, 104
- Llewellyn, Prince of North Wales, 203, 211, 213, 221
- Lollards, persecution of, 295-6, 310, 323-4
- London, first mention of, 20; sacked by Boadicea, 21; Mithraism in, 29; Roman, 31, 41; walls of, 38; Offa takes, 67; Danes and, 83-4, 98-9, 108; Alfred restores, 93, 100; Harold prepares for battle in, 128; William advances on, 131; Maud driven from, 152; Becket welcomed in, 166; local self-government in, 188; hostile to John, 203; supports de Montfort, 213; John of Gaunt in, 285; Peasants' Revolt in, 293-4; welcomes Richard II, 299; Henry V rides in triumph through, 320; Cade's rebellion in, 338; Yorkist sympathies of, 341, 344, 353; attempts at reconciliation of Yorkists and Lancastrians in, 349; Margaret fails to advance on, 353; Edward IV enters, 353, 371, 373; and accession of Richard III, 382, 384
- Longchamp, William, Bishop of Ely, Justiciar, 181, 184-5
- Long-ships, Viking, 72-3; King Alfred's, 93-4
- Lords Appellant, 298-300, 311
- Lords Ordainers, 245, 248-9
- Lords, House of, under Edward III, 282
- Losecoat Field, Battle of, 367
- Louis VI, King of France, 147-8
- Louis VII, 155, 161
- Louis VIII, 203-4, 207
- Louis IX, 218
- Louis XI, aids Margaret against Edward, 355-6; English refugees at Court of, 364; Warwick takes refuge with, 368; makes treaty with Edward IV, 375

- Lovell, Viscount, 388, 391
- Lowlands, cession of counties to England by, 252; a feudal area, 255-6
- Ludlow, 344, 378
- Lumley, Lord, 311
- Lusignan, Hugh de, 192
- Lympne, British-Roman station at, 39; Vikings land at, 97, 99
- Lyons, Richard, 293
- MacAlpin, Kenneth, King of Scots, 255 Mæatæ, 26
- Maelgwyn, King of North Wales, 48
- Magna Carta, 198–202; invoked in Stuart days, 200; reissues of, 204, 207–8; Henry III refuses to confirm, 212; Church upholds, 229–30; confirmation of, by Edward I, 232–4
- Magnus Maximus, usurping Emperor, 42
- Mahomet, growth of influence of, 70
- Maidstone, Peasants' Revolt in, 293
- Maine, William I acquires, 124, 135; Henry I fights to retain, 148; Henry II Count of, 154, 160; John's claim to, 190; Arthur does homage for, 192; ceded to France, 337
- Maldon, Battle of, 106-7
- Malmesbury, Battle of, 156
- Man, Isle of, 60, 125, 303
- Manchester, 101
- Manorial courts, 146, 170, 290; superseded by royal courts, 174; and Statute of Gloucester, 227
- Manorial system, breakdown of, 290; attempt to re-create, 294
- Mantes, 134
- March, Earl of-see Edward IV
- March, Edmund Mortimer, fifth Earl of, 316
- Marcher barons, 234; oppose de Montfort, 220-2; Edward I curbs privileges of, 234; rise against Despensers, 250
- Marcus, Emperor, 43
- Margaret, Queen of Edward I, 240-1
- Margaret of Anjou, Queen of Henry VI, 336-7, 339; hostility of, to York, 341, 344-5; bears a son, 345-6; and Battle of St Albans, 347-8; fights for birthright of son, 351; at second Battle of St Albans, 352-3; moves North, 353, 355; defeated at Towton, 354-5; tenacity of purpose of, 355-6; attacks in North, 356-7; escape of, 357-8; in exile, 357, 359, 364; combines with Warwick, 367-8; remains in France, 370; lands in England, 372; captured by Edward, 373
- Margaret, Maid of Norway, 236-7

Marlborough, Statute of, 223

- Matilda, Queen of Henry I, 144, 156
- Matilda, Queen of William I, 123-4, 131-132, 134
- Maud, Empress (Matilda), married to Henry V, Holy Roman Emperor, 147, 150; right of succession of, 148–50; marries Count of Anjou, 150; fights for her rights, 152; her son Henry's regent in France, 154
- Maximian, Governor in Britain, 40

Medway, river, 16-17

- Mellitus, Bishop of East Saxons, 60
- Mercia, in conflict with Northumbria, 61-4; Celtic missionaries in, 63; overlordship of, 65; Danish invasion of, 78-80, 85, 100; defeated by Wessex, 82; Alfred's relations with, 92; in alliance with Wessex against Vikings, 97, 99; Edward King of, 101; submits to Sweyn, 108

Messina, 181

- Middle classes, Simon de Montfort the champion of, 217–18, 220–1, 225; Edward I and, 225
- Middleham, 366, 388
- Mildenhall hoard, 41
- Milford Haven, 391
- Milton, Vikings at, 97
- Mirabeau Castle, 192
- Mithraism, 29
- Moleyns, Bishop, 338, 341
- Molloch Bridge, 392
- Mona-see Anglesey
- Monasteries, Viking raids on, 74–5, 88; Alfred seeks reform of, 95; re-birth of life of, 104; Norman, 139–40
- Money-lenders, Jewish, 227; Italian, 228, 269
- Mons Graupius, Battle of, 26
- Montagu, John Neville, Marquis of-see Northumberland, Earl of
- Montfort, Simon I de, 210
- Montfort, Simon II de, Earl of Leicester, 210, 213; revolt of, 174, 218–19, 221– 222; comes to England, 211; controls Government, 216, 219–21; seeks to reform baronage, 217; captures King and prince, 219; defeat and death of, 221–2; achievements of, 223
- Montgomery, house of, 144
- Morcar, Earl, 125, 128, 132
- More, Sir Thomas, 380-2, 385, 388
- Mortimer, Edmund, 312
- Mortimer, Roger, first Earl of March, unites with Isabella against Edward II, 250; rule of, 263-4; death of, 264
- Mortimer's Cross, Battle of, 352, 354

Mortmain, Statute of, 227

- Morton, John, Bishop of Ely, 381, 383-4
- Mount Badon, Battle of, 45, 48
- Mowbray, Thomas—see Nottingham, Earl of
- Naples, Johanna, Queen of, 321
- Narcissus, freedman, 16
- Navy, Roman, 39; King Alfred's, 93– 94; Ethelred's, 107–8; of Edward III, 268; Henry V reorganises, 316, 322; disaffection in, after loss of France, 338
- Nennius, 45-6, 48
- Neolithic Britain, 6
- Nero, Emperor, 19, 22-3
- Neville, Alexander, Archbishop of York, 297–8
- Neville, Anne-see Anne, Queen of Richard III
- Neville, George, Archbishop of York, 361; Edward IV the prisoner of, 366; and Elizabeth Woodville, 379–80; arrested by Richard III, 381; released, 383
- Neville's Cross, Battle of, 252, 276
- Newcastle, 356, 359
- Norfolk, Peasants' Revolt in, 294
- Norfolk, John Howard, first Duke of, 392-3
- Norfolk, Thomas Mowbray, first Duke of, 302, 304
- Norfolk, John Mowbray, third Duke of, joins York, 344; petitions against Somerset, 345; takes up arms, 347; at St Albans, 352; at Towton, 354
- Norfolk, Hugh Bigod, first Earl of, 220
- Norfolk, Roger Bigod, fourth Earl of, 232-3
- Norham Castle, 357, 359
- Norman dynasty, genealogical tree of, 149
- Normandy, Viking raids on, 71; Ethelred flees to, 108; Duchy of, 112; William becomes Lord of, 121-2; Matilda regent in, 131, 134; France seeks to curb power of, 133-4, 160; mortgaged to Rufus, 141; Henry I conquers, 144; France attacks, 185-7, 192; Richard in, 186-9; John's claim to, 190-2; loss of, to France, 193-4; English victories in, 320; reconquered by France, 333, 339
- Normans, and English laws, 95; society under, 112; in England of Edward the Confessor, 114–15; martial qualities of, 122; castles of, 133; intermarry with English, 133, 144; in Ireland, 135, 257– 258
- Norsemen-see Vikings

North Walsham, 294

Northallerton, 152

- Northampton, Battle of, 349, 351; brawl at, against Somerset, 358
- Northampton, Treaty of, 251, 263
- Northey Island, Danes on, 106
- Northumberland, Henry Percy, first Earl of, 305, 312-13
- Northumberland, Henry Percy, second Earl of, 316
- Northumberland, Henry Percy, fourth Earl of, 392-3
- Northumberland, John Neville, Earl of (Marquis of Montagu), at Hedgeley Moor, 359; rules for Edward IV, 361-2; betrays Edward, 369-71
- Northumbria, Celtic law in, 50; Christianity in, 57, 61, 63; overlordship of Kings of, 60-5; Celtic mission to, 63; chronicler of, 64-5; raided by Ethelbald, 65; Danish invasion of, 76, 78-80; Vikings settle in, 85; attacks from Danes of, 100; conquest of, 101, 102-3; submits to Sweyn, 108; Tostig, Earl of, 115; King David invades, 151-2
- Norway, marauders from, 71, 76; invasion of England from, 126-7. See also Vikings
- Norwich, 29, 107
- Nottingham, Danes masters of, 79-80; capture of Mortimer and Isabella at, 264; Richard II at, 298; Edward IV at, 365, 369; Richard III at, 391
- Nottingham, Thomas Mowbray, Earl of, 312-13
- Nottingham Declaration, 299-300
- Oath, sanctity of, in feudal times, 124–5, 150; trial by, 172
- Odo, Bishop of Bayeux, 123, 135
- Odo, Count, 96
- Offa, King of Mercia, 65-8
- Offa's Dyke, 67-8
- Olaf, King of Dublin, 102-3
- Olaf, King of the Northmen, 76, 80
- Olaf, King of Norway, 126
- Oldcastle, Sir John, 296, 323
- Olney, 366
- O'Neill, house of, 256-7, 259
- Ordeal, trial by, 172
- Orkneys, 125, 255
- Orleans, relief of, 329-30
- Orleans, Louis, Duke of, 316
- Ostorius, 17
- Oswald, King of Northumbria, 61-2
- Oswald, Bishop of Worcester, 104 Oswy, King of Northumbria, 62
- Otto I, Holy Roman Emperor, 103

Otto IV, Holy Roman Emperor, 196, 198 Otto, Papal Legate, 211–12

- Ottobon, Papal Legate, 222
- Oxford, sacked by Danes, 108; Wyclif in, 284; Wyclif's influence in, 295–6; Lollards put down in, 295; Richard III in, 384
- Oxford, John de Vere, thirteenth Earl of, 371, 389
- Oxford, Provisions of, 215, 217-18, 222
- Oxfordshire, Celtic settlements in, 10; West Saxons defeated in, 66
- Palæolithic Britain, 5-6
- Pale, the, 260
- Palestine, 143, 178
- Papacy, and British Churches, 57-60, 62-4; Offa's tribute to, 67; Henry II's quarrel with, 162-7; John's quarrel with, 195-6; in partnership with John, 197-8; influence of, over Henry III, 205, 211; and suppression of Albigenses, 209; taxes English Church, 211-12, 283; forbids extraordinary taxation of Church property, 232; Sicilian plans of, 213; feeling against, in fourteenth century, 283-4
- Paris, Viking sieges of, 73, 76, 78, 96– 97; Edward III marches on, 269–70; massacres by Burgundians in, 320; Joan of Arc wounded in attack on, 331; Henry VI crowned in, 332, 334
- Paris, Treaty of (1259), 217, 230, 234; (1303) 240
- Parliament, seed-time of, 215-16; summoned by de Montfort (1265), 220-1; approves of war with France, 231, 266, 269, 280; reluctant to grant taxes, 232; dependence of Crown on grants of, 233; Edward I's concessions to, 233, 238; position of, at death of Edward I, 242-3; gains power through weakness of King, 249; of Ireland, 258; opposed to tax on wool, 269; separation of Houses of, 282; concessions of Edward III to, 283; anti-clerical feeling in, 284; eager for war, 289, 298, 315-16; attempts to fix wages and prices, 291; "Merciless", 299; principle of control of, 299; suspends rights and liberties, 303, 305; Henry IV depends on, 308-9, 313; increases power over finances, 309; powers of, under Lancastrians, 310, 322; granted right of assent, 316; a clearing-house for rivalries of nobles, 339-40; Edward IV rarely calls, 374-6; Richard III revives power of, 387; under Tudors, 394-5

- Paston Letters, 346
- Patay, Battle of, 330
- Patrick, St, 56-7
- Paulinus, 60-1, 62, 64, 75
- Peasants' Rebellion, 291-5
- Pecham, John, Archbishop of Canterbury, 229-30
- Pelagian heresy, 43, 56
- Pembroke, Aymer de Valence, Earl of, 249
- Pembroke, Richard le Clare, Earl of (Strongbow), 257
- Pembroke, William Herbert, Earl of, 365
- Penda, King of Mercia, 61-3
- People's Crusade, 142
- Perche, Thomas, Count of, 207
- Percy, Henry (Hotspur), 312-13; son of, 316
- Percy, Sir Ralph, 356-7, 359
- Perrers, Alice, 286
- Perth, yields to Edward I, 239
- Peter the Hermit, 142
- Petilius Cerialis, 20-1
- Pevensey, William lands at, 126, 128
- Philip I, King of France, 134
- Philip II (Philip Augustus), helps rebellious sons of Henry II, 161, 169; on Crusade, 179, 181-3; Richard and sister of, 181-2; helps John against Richard, 183, 185-6; Richard at war with, 186-188; helps Arthur against John, 191-3; retakes Angevin Empire, 193-4; leagues with Pope against John, 196-7; suppresses Albigenses, 209
- Philip IV, 230-1, 238
- Philip VI, 266-7; pursues English army, 270-1; at Crécy, 271-4
- Philippa of Hainault, Queen of Edward III, 264, 277, 286
- Picquigny, Treaty of, 375
- Picts, attack Hadrian's Wall, 38, 41; combine with Scots and Saxons, 41-3; Christianity brought to, 57; raid Northumbria, 64-5
- Piers Plowman, 290
- Plantagenet, house of, founder of, 154; genealogical tree of, 149; end of line, 394
- Plassey, Battle of, 26
- Plautius, victories of, 16-17
- Plymouth, 387
- Poitevins, the, 210-12
- Poitiers, Battle of, 280-1, 318
- Poitou, 155, 160, 192, 198
- Pole, Michael de la, 297-8
- Pollentia, Battle of, 42
- Poll-tax, 293
- Polybius, 11

- Pontefract Castle, 260, 306, 311, 381
- Ponthieu, 281
- Ponthieu, Guy, Count of, 123
- Poole, Danes at, 89
- Portsmouth, foundation of, 51; Henry III at, 208; murder of Bishop Moleyns at, 338, 341; mentioned, 41, 45
- Prague, Wyclif's influence on, 296
- Prerogative, Courts of, 174
- Privy Seal, 229
- Puiset, Hugh de, Bishop of Durham, 181 Pytheas of Marseilles, 10
- Radagaisus, 42
- Radcot Bridge, Battle of, 299, 304
- Ragnar Lodbrok, 78, 91
- Ramsey, Abbey of, 294
- Ratcliffe, Sir Richard, 381, 383, 388, 392-393
- Ravenspur, 265, 370
- Reading, 83-4, 107, 229
- Redwald, King of the East Angles, 60
- René of Anjou, 336
- Rheims, coronation of Charles II in, 329-330
- Rich, Edmund, Archbishop of Canterbury, 211
- Richard I, King of England (Cœur de Lion), rebels against his father, 168-9; magnanimity of, 179-80, 187; character of, 180; Crusade of, 181-3; marriage of, 181-2; made prisoner, 184; ransom for, 185-6; at war in France, 186-8; death of, 189
- Richard II, accession of, 286; makes peace with France, 289, 302; and Peasants' Revolt, 293-4, 297, 301; makes bid for mastery, 297-8, 300; compelled to submit, 298-300; revenge of, 300-1, 303; governs as constitutional King, 300-1; has popularity with masses, 302, 306-307, 336; rules as despot, 303-5; seizes Henry's estates, 305; deposition of, 306; character of, 306-7; risings in support of, 311; death of, 311-12; buried at Westminster, 316
- Richard III, supports brother, 366; and death of Henry VI, 373; marriage of, 377; Protector, 378; obtains possession of person of Edward V, 379; imprisons princes in Tower, 380, 382; crimes of, 380-1, 385-7; usurps throne, 382-4; distrust of the people for, 383-4, 386-8; murders princes, 385-7; risings against, 387, 390-3; reforms of, 387-8; loses son, 388; seeks surrender of Richmond, 389; reconciled with Elizabeth Woodville, 390; death of, 393-4

- Richard, Earl of Cornwall and King of the Romans, 213
- Richard the Marshal, 210-11
- Richborough, 39
- Richmond, Earldom of, 132
- Richmond, Margaret, Countess of, 386 Ripon, 79
- Rivers, Richard Woodville, first Earl, 362, 366
- Rivers, Anthony Woodville, second Earl, 364, 378-9, 381
- Robert I (the Bruce), King of the Scots, claims throne, 237; coronation of, 241; at Bannockburn, 245–7; makes treaty with England, 252, 263; intrigues after death of, 265
- Robert II, King of Scotland, 252
- Robert III, King of Scotland, 252-3
- Robert I, Duke of Normandy, 113, 121
- Robert II, Duke of Normandy, 134, 141-142, 144; William the Clito, son of, 148
- "Robin of Redesdale", rebellion of, 366
- Roches, Peter des, Bishop of Winchester, 210–11
- Rochester, 98; Peasants' Revolt in, 293
- Roger, Bishop of Salisbury, 151
- Rollo, founder of Norman state, 112
- Roman attacks on Britain, 3-5, 12-14, 16; knowledge of Western Isles, 10-11; conquest of Britain, 15-27; army in Britain, 28, 39; villas, 28, 31-2, 41; citizenship, 29; walls, 32-3; roads, 33-34; fleet, 39; rule, effects of, 54; law, 176
- Roman Empire, formation of policy of, 15; provinces of, 27; decline of, 35-6; barbarian attacks on, 36, 42
- Rome, British captives in, 14, 17–18 Romney, 131
- Rosamond the Fair, 160
- Roses, Wars of the, 347–95; issues leading to, 306, 340–1, 343, 345; common people little affected by, 342; outbreak of, 347; characteristics of, 348–9; efforts at reconciliation in, 349; young leaders in, 352, 354; turning-point of, 353; last battle of, 394
- Rouen, death of William the Conqueror in, 134; King John in, 191; death of Prince Arthur in, 193; lost to France, 194; Joan of Arc burnt in, 332
- Roxburgh Castle, 254
- Royal writ, 174-5; supremacy, doctrine of, 298-9; Council—see Curia Regis
- Runnymede, 199
- Russia, Vikings in, 71, 76
- Rutland, Edmund, Earl of, 351

- St Albans, founding of, 10; sack of, 21; St Germanus at, 43; barons summon Parliament at, 218
- St Albans, Abbey of, in Peasants' Revolt, 294
- St Albans, Battles of, 347-8, 352
- Saint-Clair-sur-Eptc, Treaty of, 112
- Saint-Mathieu, Battle of, 230
- St Paul's Cathedral, Wyclif arraigned for heresy in, 285
- St Theodore of Tarsus, 64
- St Vaast, 269
- St Valery, 127
- Saintonge, 155, 263
- Saladin, 178, 182–3
- "Saladin tithe", 179
- Salisbury, 137, 263, 294
- Salisbury, John, third Earl of, 311
- Salisbury, Richard Neville, Earl of, 347, 351
- Salisbury, William de Longespée, Earl of, 198
- Sandal Castle, 347, 351
- Sandwich, Ethelred's fleet at, 107
- Saracens, 178, 182-3
- Saumur, Treaty of, 328
- Saxon Chronicle—see Anglo-Saxon Chronicle
- Saxons, raid British coast, 38, 40; combine with Picts and Scots, 41-3; settle in Britain, 44-5, 49-51; Arthur and, 48; cruelty of, 51; society under, 51-53; Christianity brought to, 58-60; last battle between Britons and, 62; defeated by Danes, 77-81; resistance of, to Normans, 131-3; support William, 132-3; Henry II appeases, 144. See also Anglo-Saxon; West Saxons
- Saxton, 354
- Say, Lord, 338
- Scandinavia, invasion of England from, 125-6; threatened invasion from, 136-137; Crusading fleet from, 179. See also Vikings
- Scarborough Castle, 245
- Scotland, Viking raids on, 75-6; Canute King of, 110; submits to William I, 135; Llewellyn's plans in, 213; in alliance with France, 231, 238, 252, 265, 276; war with, 231, 238-42, 245-7, 251-3, 265; plans to unite English throne with, 236-7, 251, 253; Edward I arbitrates in succession to the throne, 237-8; Edward conquers, 239; nationalism in, 239; wins independence, 251; disunity in, 251, 255-6; cession of land to Edward III, 265; sanctity of royal house in, 255; feudal justice and clan law in, 255-6; Church in, 256; aban-

donment of English claims to, 263; Balliol conquers with help of Edward, 265; helps Margaret against Edward, 355-7

- Scots, raid Roman Britain, 33, 38; combine with Picts and Saxons, 41-3; submit to Athelstan, 102-3; Norman frontier against, 143; assist barons against John, 203; hatred for English among, 253, 355; Percy's part in wars against, 312; send army to fight in France, 326; in army of Margaret of Anjou, 353
- Scottish Christian Church, 57
- Scottish islands, Vikings in, 75-6; Hardrada recruits in, 125; mercenaries to Ireland from, 258
- Scrope, Richard, Archbishop of York, 312-13
- Scrope, William, Earl of Wiltshire, 305
- Scutage, Henry II imposes, 162; Richard imposes, 181, 186; and Magna Carta, 195, 200; acceptable in some directions, 235
- Seljuk Turks, 142
- Serfdom, ending of, 290-1, 293, 295, 301
- Severn valley, 59, 66, 221
- Severus, Emperor, 33
- Sheen Lodge, Richmond, 286
- Sheriffs, Saxon, 104, 116; retained by Normans, 137-8; collect King's revenue, 145-6
- Shetlands, 76, 255
- Shire courts, 104, 138, 174
- Shore, Jane, 378, 381
- Shrewsbury, 211, 344, 392; Battle of, 312
- Shrewsbury, John Talbot, first Earl of, 333, 345
- Shrewsbury, John Talbot, second Earl of, 347
- Sicily, Norman kings of, 168; Richard I and Philip Augustus in, 181-2; Henry III accepts, for son, 213; feudal kingdom in, 257, 337
- Siena, 228
- Sigismund, Holy Roman Emperor, 320 Silchester, 10
- Silures, 23
- Simeon of Durham, 79
- Simon de Montfort-see Montfort
- Skipton Castle, 359
- Sluys, battle off, 268
- Smithfield, Wat Tyler at, 293
- Socage, 201
- Somerset, Alfred takes refuge in, 89-90; Peasants' Revolt in, 294

- Somerset, Edmund Beaufort, second Duke of, and death of Gloucester, 337; commander of army in France, 338; blamed for loss of France, 339, 344-5; claim of, to throne, 341; Constable of Calais, 345, 347; imprisoned in Tower, 345-6; restoration of, 347; death of, 348
- Somerset, Henry Beaufort, third Duke of (Earl of Dorset), 352; at St Albans, 348; Edward IV's magnanimity to, 356-8; deserts Edward, 358-9
- Somerset, Edmund Beaufort, fourth Duke of, 371-4
- Somme, river, invasion fleet off, 127; Edward III crosses, 270-1; Henry V crosses, 317
- Southampton, 106, 109
- Southwark, 131, 293
- Spain, 70-1
- Speaker, the, 283
- Stafford, 392
- Stamford, Danes in, 80
- Stamford Bridge, Battle of, 125-6
- Standard, Battle of the, 152
- Stanegate, 32
- Stanley, Sir Thomas (first Lord), 347
- Stanley, Thomas (second Lord), 392-3
- Stanley, Sir William, 392-3
- Staple, the, 269
- Stephen, King of England, right of succession of, 148-50; crowned King, 150-151; loses following, 151-2; miseries of reign of, 152-3, 170; claims Normandy, 155; makes Henry his heir, 156; concessions of, to the Church, 164-5
- Stigand, Archbishop of Canterbury, 117, 125, 139
- Stilicho, 42-3
- Stirling, yields to Edward I, 239; Castle, 246; death of Douglas at, 254
- Stirling Bridge, Battle of, 239-40
- Stony Stratford, 379
- Strange, Lord George, 392-3
- Strathclyde, kingdom of, Christian mission to, 57; threatens Northumbria, 64; Vikings in, 80, 85; submits to Athelstan, 102
- Straw, Jack, 295 Stuart, house of, 252–3, 255
- Stuf, West Saxon, 51
- Sudbury, Simon, Archbishop of Canterbury, 293
- Suetonius, Governor of Britain, invades Anglesey, 18-19; and revolt of Boadicea, 19-22; superseded, 22-23
- Suetonius Tranquillus, on Caractacus, 17-18

#### INDEX

Suffolk, Peasants' Revolt in, 294

- Suffolk, William de la Pole, Earl of, 335; captured at Orleans, 330; arranges marriage for Henry VI, 336-7; and death of Gloucester, 337; impeachment and death of, 338, 341
- Surrey, Thomas Howard, Earl of, later second Duke of Norfolk, 393
- Surrey, Warenne, Earl of, 239-40
- Sussex, Celtic settlements of, 10; Saxon settlement of, 49; William I raids, 128; rising against Richard III in, 387
- Swanage, Danish disaster near, 89
- Swanscombe Man, 5
- Sweden, marauders from, in Russia, 71, 76
- Sweyn, King of Denmark, 107-8
- Sweyn, King of Norway, 113
- Syria, 142-3, 178
- Tacitus, on the Roman invasion of Anglesey, 18–19; on Boadicea's revolt, 19–22; on Britain and its inhabitants, 23; on the invasion of Caledonia, 24
- Tadcaster, 354-5
- Tamworth, 101
- Tempsford, Battle of, 101
- Tettenhall, Battle of, 100
- Tewkesbury, Battle of, 372-3
- Thames, river, Romans cross, 13; Constantius Chlorus sails up, 41; boundary between Danes and Saxons, 94; Danish ships in, 99; Danes cross, 100
- Thanet, Viking raids on, 106
- Thelwall, 101
- Theodosius, Emperor, 42
- Thetford, massacre in, 107
- Thomas, Rhys ap, 391-2
- Thule, 11
- Tin trade, 7, 11
- Tinchebrai, Battle of, 144, 147
- Togodumnus, 16
- Tokig of Wallingford, 134
- Tostig, Earl of Northumbria, 115, 125-126
- Toulouse, county of, 155, 160
- Touraine, 154, 169, 190, 192
- Tournai, siege of, 268
- Towton, Battle of, 354-5
- Tract on the Laws and Customs of England, 177
- Tresilian, Chief Justice, 294, 297-9
- Trial by jury, 171-3
- Tripoli, 178
- Trivet, Nicholas, 224
- Troyes, Treaty of, 320, 326
- Tudor, house of, 394

- Tudor, Edmund, 389 Tudor, Henry—see Henry VII Tudor, Jasper, 352, 360 Tudor, Owen, 352, 360, 389 Turks, Seljuk, 142 Tyler, Wat, 293-4 Tyne, river, Romans reach, 24 Tyre, 178-9 Tyrell, Sir James, 385
- Ulster, Earls of, 258–60 Universities, Scottish, 256 Urban II, Pope, 142
- Valentinian, Emperor, 42
- Val-ès-Dunes, Battle of, 122
- Vaughan, Lord, 381
- Vegetius, 39
- Veneti, defeat of, 3, 5
- Vere, Robert de, Earl of Oxford and Duke of Ireland, 297–9
- Verneuil, Battle of, 326-7
- Vespasian, Emperor, 17
- Vikings, 70-81; forays of, 70-2, 74-6; cruelty of, 71; luxurious habits of, 72; long-boats of, 72-3; discipline among, 73-4; in Ireland, 75-6, 78, 257; settlements of, 76, 80, 85, 87-8; invasions of, 76-80, 97-9; stratagems of, 77, 84; defeated at Ashdown, 83-4; besiege Paris, 96-7; unite with Northern British forces, 102; recommence raids, 106-8; Ethelred's payments to, 107-8; settle in Normandy, 112. See also Danes
- Villeinage, demand for abolition of, 291, 293-4
- Visigoths, 42
- Vortigern, 45, 51
- Wakefield, Battle of, 351
- Wales, Romans and, 18–19, 28; conversion to Christianity, 56; Vikings in, 90; helps defeat the Vikings, 99; submission of Princes of, 101, 102; Normans in, 135, 143; English swept from, 213; help for Simon de Montfort from, 218–19; rebellion in, against taxation, 231; Edward I conquers, 234–6; Richard II in, 298, 306; rises against Henry IV, 311–13; Yorkists in, 341–2; Queen Margaret in, 351; Margaret seeks to reach, 372; Buckingham prepares rising in, 387; landing of Henry VII in, 391–2
- Wallace, William, 239-41
- Wallingford, 107, 131, 156
- Walter, Hubert, Archbishop of Canterbury, 187, 191, 195
- Walter, Theobald, 258

- Waltham Abbey, 130
- Waltheof, 132-3
- Walworth, Sir William, 293
- Wardrobe, the, 229; government by means of, 247-8
- Wareham, Danes at, 89
- Warwick, Edward IV at, 370
- Warwick, Guy de Beauchamp, tenth Earl of. 245
- Warwick, Thomas Beauchamp, twelfth Earl of, Lord Appellant, 299, 303
- Warwick, Richard Beauchamp, thirteenth Earl of, 334
- Warwick, Richard Neville, fourteenth Earl of (the Kingmaker), "private army" of, 339; with King, 344; joins York, 347; commander at Calais, 349; defeated at St Albans, 352-3; at Battle of Towton, 354; retakes Northern castles, 356; rules for Edward IV, 361-2; and marriage of Edward, 363-364; foreign policy of, 364-5; plots against Edward, 365, 367, 369; two kings in hands of, 366; takes refuge in France, 367; combines with Queen Margaret, 367-8; death of, 371-2
- Waterford, 257
- Watford, Lancastrians at, 347
- Watling Street, 94
- Welles, Sir Robert, 367
- Welsh levies, 235; archers, 235-6, 241; espouse cause of Richard II, 311
- Welsh Marches, Mortimer lord of, 263. See Marcher barons
- Wenlock, Lord, 367, 372-3
- Wergild, 52, 94
- Wessex, raided by Mercia, 65, 82; cultivates prose-writing, 68; Ethelred and Alfred of, 79; leading English kingdom, 82-3; defeats Danes, 83-4, 90-2, 99; makes peace with Danes, 84, 89, 92; Danish victories in, 89-90; Alfred's measures to strengthen, 93; genealogical tree of house of, 105; rallies to Harold, 128; manorial system in, 137
- West Saxons, defeated by Offa, 66; defeat Danes, 83-4
- Westminster, Parliament meets in, 282-3; Richard II compelled to submit in, 299
- Westminster, Provisions of, 215; repudiation of, 217-18; re-enactment of, 222-3
- Westminster, Statutes of, 226-7
- Westminster Abbey, Harold crowned in, 124; William I crowned in, 131; rebuilt by Henry III, 223; Elizabeth Woodville takes sanctuary in, 379-80, 382, 386
- Westmorland, Rufus conquers, 141

- Wheathampstead, 10
- Whitby, Synod of, 63
- White Ship, loss of, 148 Wihtgar, West Saxon, 51
- William I, King of England (William of Normandy, the Conqueror), gets promise of crown from Edward, 115, 121; parentage of, 121; minority of, 121-122; gets promise of crown from Harold, 123; invasion of England by, 126-30, 131-2; ruthlessness of, 131-3; crowned at Westminster, 131; fights in France, 133-4; death of, 134-5; character of, 135-6; his achievements in England, 136-40, 170; uses juries, 172; "colloquy" of, 216
- William II, King of England, 134, 141, 143
- William the Clito, 148
- William the Marshal, and Richard I, 179-180; and accession of John, 191; supports John, 203; regent for Henry, 204, 206; death of, 207
- William of Wykeham, 300
- Wilton, Battle of, 84; massacre in, 107
- Wiltshire, Celtic conquest of, 10; British place-names of, 50; Danes ravage, 100; Peasants' Revolt in, 294; rising against Richard III in, 387
- Wiltshire, William Scrope, Earl of, 305
- Winchelsea, Robert, Archbishop of Canterbury, 232
- Winchester, founding of, 10; sacked by Danes, 108; death of Waltheof at, 133; hostile to John, 203; riots in, 294
- Winchester, Statute of, 227
- Winchester, Treaty of, 156
- Windmill Hill, near Avebury, 6
- Witan, the Saxon, 94, 116, 124
- Woodville, Elizabeth-see Elizabeth Woodville, Oueen
- Woodville, John, 366
- Wool trade, embargo on, 266-7; raising money from, 269
- Worcester, 203, 349
- Worcester, John Tiptoft, Earl of, 359
- Wyclif, John, 284-5; persecution of followers of, 295; failure of, in his own day, 296
- York, Roman, 28, 31, 33, 40; Saxon, 60-1; Christianity in, 62; Vikings take, 79-80; submits to Ethelfleda, 101; vassal prince in, 103; Harold in, 125; William I in, 132; Duke of York's head exposed at, 351, 355; Queen Margaret in, 354-5; Edward IV in, 355, 370; supports Richard III, 392

- York, house of, and Cade's rebellion, 338, 341; and succession to throne, 340-1; predominant in South, 341-2; resorts to arms, 347, 349; attempts to reconcile with Lancastrians, 349; claims the crown, 353-4; victory of, 354-5; marriage uniting Lancastrians with, 394
- York, Edward, Duke of-see Edward IV, King
- York, Richard, Duke of, in Ireland, 341-342, 349; right of, to crown, 340-2; character of, 341, 346; and Calais, 341,

347; lands in Wales, 343; King breaks with, 344; seeks to displace Somerset, 344; declares his loyalty to Henry, 344, 348; Protector during King's insanity, 345-6, 347; takes up arms, 347; Henry grants succession to, 351; death of, 351

Yorkshire, Danes defeated in, 102; Sweyn subdues, 108; William's "waste" of, 132; Peasants' Revolt in, 294; Henry of Lancaster lands in, 305; rebellions in, against Edward IV, 365-6, 369