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Entertainment Law Review

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while supporting and growing the UK as a world leader in digital business. In this article Professors Andy Phippen and Emma Bond present their first impressions on what is defined, and whether they view it as effective, in particular whether the white paper sets out achievable aims or is simply a case of following the typical government rhetoric of expecting companies to "do more".

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The ASA has ruled that ads for a Tombola arcade game in an I'm A Celebrity, Get Me Out Of Here app breached CAP Code rules on gambling, as they were likely to be used by under-18s. The ASA considered that, although the app was neither directed nor targeted at under-18s in terms of its design, features and content, the advertiser, by not employing a specific targeting mechanism, had failed to minimise the likelihood that under-18s could be exposed to the gambling ads within the app.

DR JANET STRATH AND KATIE CAMERON

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In Nomination v Brealey, the Intellectual Property Enterprise Court (IPEC) held that the low-quality packaging used by the defendants was likely to damage the public's perception of the luxury NOMINATION brand. This decision confirms that a trade mark owner's right to object to its goods being poorly presented is not confined to the repackaging of pharmaceuticals, and that damage done to the reputation of a trade mark might be a legitimate reason for the proprietor of the mark to oppose further commercialisation of luxury goods.

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In FBT Productions LLC v Let Them Eat Vinyl Distribution Ltd the High Court found a record company liable for primary infringement of another label's copyright in Eminem's first album, Infinite. Yet the related distributor was not found liable for secondary infringement, as in the judge's assessment it did not know (or have reason to believe) that the copies it sold were infringing copies. The reasoning of the judgment is instructive on how courts are likely to approach applying that test.

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The Court of Appeal has upheld an award of £20,000 in damages for misuse of private information to a couple whose eviction was included in an episode of Channel 5's Can't Pay? We'll Take It Away. The ruling illustrates the appellate courts' reluctance to interfere unless a first-instance decision goes beyond a reasonable view of the evidence presented. The trial judge's decision was considered "long and meticulous", and he had considered the full range of public-interest issues when deciding liability, as well as the relevant facts when deciding quantum.

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This article considers the High Court's decision that an application filed by Trump International Limited for the trade mark TRUMP TV was made in bad faith. Although the name might lead you to believe otherwise, the applicant was a UK company with no link to the current US President or to any businesses connected with him; rather, its sole director, one Mr Michael Gleissner, has achieved notoriety for being behind 5% of all contentious trade mark proceedings before the UK IPO in 2016, and whose companies have attempted to register trade marks associated with famous brands of third parties in various territories, including ITUNES, IPHONE, APPLE, THE HOME DEPOT, PAN AM, TESLA, THE LEARNING CHANNEL logo, and even the mark EUIPO.

ANDREW TERRY AND EILEEN WEINERT

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