

Table of Contents

1	Introduction	4
2	Overview of the Current State of the Problems and Possible Solutions	5
2.1	Problems about Biodegradable Wastes in Asia	5
2.2	An Alternative Approach to Waste Management	6
2.2.1	Possible Solutions	6
2.2.2	A Sustainable Approach to Waste Management	7
3	Aim of the Thesis Dissertation	9
4	Research Methodology	10
4.1	Sample Collection and Preparation of Biodegradable Wastes	10
4.2	Sample Preparation for measuring Moisture Content	11
4.3	Experimental Equipment	11
4.3.1	Assessment of the Qualities of the Samples for Oven Drying	11
4.3.2	Oven Drying Unit	11
4.3.3	Solar Drying Unit	11
4.4	Comparison of Technical Parameters of Drying Methods and Measuring Devices	12
4.5	Limitations of the Experimental Research	13
4.6	Calculation of the Research about Waste Quality and Potential Benefits from Optimization of Waste Quality	13
5	Results and Discussion	19
5.1	Properties of the Biodegradable Waste Samples of Myanmar by Oven Drying process	19
5.2	Results of the Experiments from Solar Drying Process	19
5.2.1	Comparison of Parameters of Solar Radiation and Air	19
5.2.2	Airflow Rate to the Dryer and Water Removal Rate against Temperature Difference	20
5.3	Results of the Experiments from Different Drying Process	21
5.3.1	Effect of Moisture Reduction on the other Qualities of the Samples	22
5.4	Potential Benefits of Quality Improvement of Biodegradable Wastes	24
5.4.1	Weight and Volume Reduction due to Moisture Reduction	24
5.4.2	GHG Emission/Avoidance from Biodegradable Waste Disposal and Utilization	25
5.5	Comparison of Different Drying Methods	26
5.5.1	Drying Time against Reduction of Moisture, Weight and Volume of MSW	27
5.6	Summary of Drying for Optimization of Biodegradable Wastes	28
6	Conclusion	29
6.1	Overall Conclusion of the Research Work	29
6.2	Contribution to the Scientific Field	29
6.3	Benefits of the Research Work	29
6.4	Recommendations for Further Research	29
7	References	31
8	Abstract	33
9	Curriculum Vitae	34
10	List of Publications	36