CONTENTS Magazina A deserta de saneulino Dina addina D

Preface		xiii
Acknowledgments		
1	BIOLOGY AND THE BACKGROUND OF MORAL SYSTEMS	
19	The Evolutionary Approach	1
	Introduction	1
NU	Sociobiology and Ideology	4
	Meanings and Misinterpretations	6
	Proximate Causes and the Reductionism of Evolutionary Biology	13
	The Problem of Culture	21
	The Problem of Resistance to Self-Understanding	30
	Human Interests and Their Conflicts: What Lifetimes Are	
6	About	33
	What Are Human Interests?	34
Ös.	Life Interests as Reproductive	37
	Lifetimes as Effort	40
	Reproduction and Senescence: Why Lifetimes Are Finite	42
	The Older Theories of Senescence	43
	Williams' Pleiotropic Theory of Senescence	46
	The Nature and Extent of Pleiotropy	49
	The General Shapes of Mortality Curves	52
aLi	The Effect of Mortality Rates on Senescence	53
	Male and Female Mortality	54
	Semelparity, Iteroparity, and Senescence	56
	Parental Care and Offspring Replacement	59
Rôd	The Wonderful One-Hoss Shay Effect	61
	Summary	63
	Reproduction and Cooperation: Special Cases	63
	Genetic Individuality and Individuality of Interests	64
	The Pinnacles of Ultrasociality: How They Evolved	65
771	Other Special Cases of Cooperation	69
	Monogamy and Reproductive Opportunity Leveling	71
No. of	Conflicts of Interest and Deception in Communication	73

2 A BIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MORALITY

1	Conflicts and Confluences of Interest: A Theory of Moral	
rahim.	Systems	77
	Conflicts of Interests	77
	Why Do Humans Live in Groups?	79
1	Classifying Human Effort: The "Atoms" of Sociality	81
1	Philosophy and Conflicts of Interest	88
- 1	Moral Systems as Systems of Indirect Reciprocity	93
	Where Do Rules Come From	96
	Discriminate and Indiscriminate Beneficence	97
	Morality and the Human Psyche	107
	Hypotheses About the Evolution of Consciousness	110
. 63	Consciousness and Deception	114
	Self-Deception	117
86	Myths and Self-Images	126
4, 111	Life History Theory and the Ontogeny of Moral Behavior	129
	Introduction	130
	Kohlberg's Stages, with an Evolutionary Hypothesis for Each	131
VA U4	General Conclusions	139
3	MORALITY AS SEEN BY PHILOSOPHERS AND BIOLOGISTS	
(1)-	Introduction	145
200	The Moral Philosophers	146
65	Rationality and Self-Interest	146
Marie .	Misunderstandings of Reciprocity	153
00	Proximate and Ultimate Mechanisms and Self-Sacrifice	161
18	The Biologist-Philosophers	164
	The Naturalistic Fallacy	165
	Darwin's Group Selection Theory and Fisher's Alternative	168
MA.	T. H. Huxley, and Morality as Contrary to Evolution	170
	Darwin, Keith, and Human Evolution in Groups	171
	The Philosophers of Biology	177
P S	Morality and Law	180
	Morality and Democracy	186
-		

Co	ntents	ix
	The Goal of Universal Beneficence	190
	Summary	193
	Conclusions	194
4	APPLYING THE BIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MORALITY	
	Morality and Openness in the Pursuit of Truth: Science, Law, and God as the Models Introduction God and Science as Truth-Seeking	197 197 200
	Summarizing Hypotheses	207
	Modeling Value Systems and Maintaining Indirect Reciprocity The Rights of Embryos and the Moribund The Rights of Women and Men The Rights of Children and Parents The Perils of Error and Unrecognized Biases Conclusions	208 208 216 221 222 226
	Arms Races, Human and Otherwise Human Arms Races Compared to Natural and Sexual Selection Are There Precedents for Arms Race Resolutions? Proposed Solutions to the International Arms Race Knowledge of the Physical Universe, Ignorance of the Social One Deception and Misinformation	227 227 231 233 237 239
	Partial Brakes on the Arms Race	240
5	CONCLUSIONS	253
Ep	Epilogue	
Bibliography		265
Name Index		281
Su	Subject Index	