CONTENTS

Pre	eface	page 1x
Aci	knowledgments and Permissions	xiii
ON	IE. Executive Plans and Authorizations to Violate International	
La	w Concerning Treatment and Interrogation of Detainees	1
A.	Introduction	1
B.	The Afghan War, Laws of War, and Human Rights	1
C.	Executive Plans and Authorizations	5
D.	Illegal Interrogation Tactics	12
E.	The Executive Is Bound by International Law	20
F.	Conclusion	23
TW	vo. Additional Revelations Concerning Treatment, Secret	
De	etentions, and Secret Renditions	25
A.	Introduction	25
В.	Actors, Authorizations, Abetments, and Public Paper Trails	26
C.	The We Do Not "Torture" Ploy and Refusals to Prosecute	30
D.	Secret Detentions, Secret Renditions, and Forced	
	Disappearance	34
	1. Definitions of Forced Disappearance in Violation of	
	International Law	36
	2. Impermissibility of Secret Detentions Under International	
	Law	37
E.	Mangling Military Manuals	42
F.	The 2005 Detainee Treatment Act and Other Binding Laws of	
	the United States	44
G.	Conclusion	45

TH	REE. War and Enemy Status	• 47
A.	Introduction	47
B.	The United States Cannot Be at "War" with al Qaeda	
	or "Terrorism"	48
C.	The Status of Various Detainees and the Legal Test for	
	Combatant Status	50
	Combatant Immunity	53
	Legal Tests for Prisoner of War Status	56
F.	Dangerous Consequences Can Arise if the Legal Tests	
	Are Changed	57
	The Misconceived Military Commissions Act of 2006	58
П.	Conclusion	63
FO	UR. Judicial Power to Determine the Status and Rights of	
Pe	rsons Detained Without Trial	. 65
A.	Introduction	65
B.	Propriety of Detention and Necessity of Judicial Review Under	
	International Law	67
	1. Human Rights Standards in Time of Peace, National	
	Emergency, or War	67
	a. Permissible Detention Under Human Rights Law	67
	b. Judicial Review of Detention Under Human Rights Law	68
	2. Detention Under the Laws of War During Times of	
	International Armed Conflict	69
	a. Detention of Prisoners of War	69
	b. Detention of Other Persons	70
	c. Judicial Review of Detention and Status Under the Laws	
	of War	7
C.	Judicial Power and Responsibility to Determine the Status and	
	Rights of Detainees 1. The Applicability of International Law as Law of the United	7
	States	7
	2. Judicial Power and Responsibility to Determine Status and	7
	Rights	73
	3. Two Cases Before the Supreme Court's Decision in <i>Hamdi</i>	76
	a. Affirming Judicial Responsibility	76
	b. Functionally Abdicating Responsibility to Provide a	
	"Meaningful Indicial Review"	7-

D. The Supreme Court's Decision in Hamdi

CONTENTS

0	0	M II	T		DA II	-	0	
		M	1	ŀ-	M	1	S	
9	9	u u		_	n a		\mathbf{v}	

vii.

E.	Habeas Corpus Review	81		
	1. Lower Federal Court Decisions Concerning Habeas Corpus	81		
	2. The Supreme Court's Decision in Rasul	84		
F.	Conclusion	84		
FIV	Executive Claims to Unchecked Power	86		
A.	Legal Constraints on the Commander in Chief Power	86		
В.	The Commander-Above-the-Law Theory	89		
C.	Misinterpretations of the 2001 Authorization for Use of			
	Military Force	91		
D.	The Malignant Military Commissions Act of 2006	92		
E.	Conclusion	98		
SIX	a. Antiterrorism Military Commissions	100		
A.	The 2001 Executive Military Commissions Order	100		
B.	Rules of Evidence and Procedure for the 2001 Commissions	112		
	1. Several Serious Violations Had Been Continued	113		
	2. Denial of the Right to Judicial Review of Detention	114		
	3. Denial of the Right to Review by a Competent, Independent,			
	and Impartial Court	116		
	4. Denial of the Right to Trial Before a Regularly Constituted,			
	Competent, Independent, and Impartial Tribunal			
v	Established by Law	117		
	5. Denial of the Rights to Fair Procedure and Fair Rules			
	of Evidence	118		
	6. Denial of the Right to Counsel and to Effective			
	Representation	119		
	7. Conclusion	119		
C.	A Regularly Constituted Court with Fair Procedures: The			
	Supreme Court's Decision in Hamdan	120		
	1. Problems Concerning Establishment of the Commissions	120		
	2. Procedural Violations	121		
D.	The 2006 Military Commissions	127		
E.	Conclusion	131		
No	tes	133		
Name Index				
Sul	bject Index	303		