CONTENTS

1 ⁻ rejace	XXV
Notes on Contributors	xxix
Biographical Note on Satow	xxxi
Acknowledgements	xxxiii
Abbreviations	XXXV
Table of Cases	xxxix
Table of International Treaties, Conventions and other	1
International Instruments Table of Logislation	xlv lv
Table of Legislation	IV
I DIPLOMACY IN GENERAL	
1. Diplomacy—a Short History	
Definitions	1.1
Early History	1.4
Renaissance Diplomacy	1.9
The Origins of Modern Diplomacy	1.11
The End of the Concert of Europe	1.14
The League of Nations	1.16
The Cold War, Containment, and Détente	1.18
Multilateral Diplomacy	1.21
Summitry and Modern Diplomacy	1.22
2. The State, the Head of State, and Ministers	
The State as a Legal Person under International Law	2.1
The Privileges and Immunities of the State	2.2
The UN Convention on the Jurisdictional Immunities of	
States and their Property 2004	2.4
The Minister for Foreign Affairs	2.5

	Other Ministers of the Central Government of a State	2.19
	Relations with Colleagues	2.20
3.	Titles, Precedence among Sovereigns and States, and Ceremonial	
	Titles among Sovereigns	3.1
	Precedence among Heads of State and States	3.9
	Precedence at the United Nations	3.31
4.	The Language, Forms, and Means of Diplomatic Intercourse	
	Language: History	4.1
	Language: Modern Practice	4.5
	Forms and Means: Official Communications Collective Note Identic Notes Bout de papier or Speaking Notes Non-Paper and Démarche Other informal means of communication	4.10 4.11 4.15 4.20
	'Rejection' of Diplomatic Communications	4.24
	Correspondence between Sovereigns and Heads of State	4.27
5.	Credentials and Full Powers	
	Letters of Credence or Credentials	5.1
	Letters of Recall	5.4
	Full Powers	5.7
	II DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS	
6.	Legal Framework and Functions of Diplomatic Missions	
	Recognition of States and Establishment of	
	Diplomatic Relations	6.3
	Recognition of New Governments and Diplomatic Relations	6.10
	Where Permanent Missions are not Established between Two States	6.15

	Functions of a Diplomatic Mission	6.17
	Performance of Consular Functions by Diplomatic Missions	6.21
7.	Formal Aspects of Diplomatic Relations	
	Selection of Heads of Mission	7.5
	Agrément for Heads of Mission	7.8
	Appointment of the Staff of the Mission	7.12
	Nationality of Diplomatic Staff	7.15
	Multiple Accreditation	7.18
	Control of the Size and Location of Diplomatic Missions	7.21
	Classes and Precedence among Heads of Mission	7.25
	Chargés d'Affaires	7.31
	III DIPLOMATIC PRIVILEGES AND IMMUNITIES	
8.	Privileges and Immunities of Diplomatic Missions	
	Justification for Diplomatic Privileges and Immunities	8.1
	The Premises of the Mission	8.9
	Diplomatic Asylum	8.21
	Exemption of Mission Premises from Taxation	8.28
	Inviolability of Mission Archives	8.30
	Freedom of Communications	8.32
	The Diplomatic Bag	8.38
	Freedom of Movement	8.43
9.	Privileges and Immunities of Diplomatic Agents	
	Personal Inviolability	9.2
	Inviolability of Diplomatic Residences and Property	9.10
	Immunity from Jurisdiction	9.14
	Exemption from Giving Evidence	9.23
	Procedure When Immunity is Raised	9.24

	Waiver of Immunity	9.25
	Commencement and Termination of Immunities	9.29
		7.27
	Other Remedies Where Immunity from Civil Jurisdiction Bars a Claim	9.33
	Privileges of Diplomatic Agents Exemption from Taxation	9.36 9.37
	Exemption from Customs Duties and Baggage Search	9.45
	Exemption from Social Security Obligations	9.50
	Exemption from Personal and Public Services	9.51
	Nationality	9.52
	Duties of a Diplomatic Agent	9.55
10.	Families, Junior Staff, and Local Nationals	
	Families of Diplomatic Agents	10.2
	Administrative and Technical Staff	10.5
	Service Staff	10.10
	Private Servants	10.12
	Nationals and Permanent Residents of the Receiving State	10.14
11.	Diplomatic Agents in Third States	
	Passage in Time of War	11.11
	Duties of Diplomatic Agents in Third States	11.13
12.	Privileges and Immunities of the Head of a Foreign State and Ministers	
	The Law Relating to the Status of the Head of State	12.1
	The Justification for the Privileges and Immunities	
	of a Head of State	12.2
	Source of Law	12.4
	Immunity from Criminal Jurisdiction	12.8
	Official Visits in the Territory of Another State	12.9
	Immunity from Civil and Administrative Jurisdiction	12.10
	The Obligation of Due Respect	12.11

	Immunity from Execution	12.12
	Taxation and Other Privileges	12.13
	Respect for Local Law	12.14
	Immunity of a Former Head of State	12.15
	The Minister for Foreign Affairs	12.18
	Other Ministers of the Central Government of a State The criteria for immunities of other ministers	12.19
13.	Special Missions	
	The New York Convention on Special Missions	13.4
	Customary International Law	13.12
	IV DIPLOMATIC MISSIONS	
14.	The Diplomatic Corps	
	Communication in the Absence of Diplomatic Relations	14.7
	National Days	14.9
	Flags	14.10
15.	Persona Non Grata, Breach of Relations, and Other Endings to Appointments and Missions	
	Recall	15.2
	Death of a Head of Mission or other Member of the Mission	15.3
	Persona Non Grata	15.6
	Withdrawal of a Diplomatic Mission	15.17
	Breach of Diplomatic Relations	15.19
	Disappearance of the Head of the Sending or the Receiving State	15.22
	Facilities for Departure	15.29
16.	Protection of Interests	
	Express Arrangements for Protection of Interests	16.7

17.	Protection of Embassies and Diplomats from Terrorist and Other Attacks	
	Iraq	17.1
	Indonesia	17.9
	China	17.13
	Iran	17.21
	Lebanon	17.23
	Al Qaeda	17.24
	European Terror Groups Kidnappings and their implications	17.25 17.26
	The Legal Position	17.39
	General	17.42
18.	V CONSULAR MATTERS The Appointment of Consuls	
	Historical Background	18.2
	Consular Relations and Consular Posts	18.6
	Consular Titles and Appointment	18.10
	End of Consular Functions	18.17
19.	Functions, Privileges, and Immunities of Consuls	
	Consular Protection	19.6
	Reporting and Political Work	19.8
	Information and Trade Promotion	19.11
	Privileges and Immunities	19.12
	The Vienna Convention on Consular Relations	19.15
	Career Consuls	19.18
	Honorary Consuls	19.27

Consular Access and Protection	
Consular Protection and Diplomatic Protection	20.2
General Aspects of Protection	20.4
Group Protection	20.7
Notification to Consul of Arrest or Detention	20.8
Consular Access	20.11
VI INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS	
Legal Framework for Multilateral Diplomacy	
The Development of Multilateral Diplomacy The League of Nations The United Nations The differing forms of multilateral diplomacy Associations and international organizations Privileges and immunities Organizations with more limited privileges and immunities Study of Underlying Principles Headquarters Agreements	21.2 21.4 21.5 21.6 21.7 21.10 21.22 21.22
The 1975 Vienna Convention on the Representation of States Visiting Armed Forces The NATO SOFA Allocation of jurisdiction: criminal jurisdiction Allocation of civil jurisdiction NATO SOFA a model for later agreements on visiting forces The UN General Convention on Privileges and Immunities and the UN SOMA EU SOFA and EU SOMA The EU SOMA The underlying principles in status	21.35 21.38 21.39 21.40 21.41 21.42 21.43 21.45 21.45 21.46
	General Aspects of Protection Group Protection Notification to Consul of Arrest or Detention Consular Access VI INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS Legal Framework for Multilateral Diplomacy The Development of Multilateral Diplomacy The League of Nations The United Nations The differing forms of multilateral diplomacy Associations and international organizations Privileges and immunities Organizations with more limited privileges and immunities Study of Underlying Principles Headquarters Agreements The 1975 Vienna Convention on the Representation of States Visiting Armed Forces The NATO SOFA Allocation of jurisdiction: criminal jurisdiction Allocation of civil jurisdiction NATO SOFA a model for later agreements on visiting forces The UN General Convention on Privileges and Immunities and the UN SOMA EU SOFA and EU SOMA The EU SOMA

22. Theory of Multilateral Diplomacy

23.	The United Nations—I The Charter and its Operation	
	The Charter	23.4
	Membership	23.5
	Principal organs	23.7
	The General Assembly	23.8
	Meetings	23.11
	Structure of the General Assembly	23.12
	Main committees	23.12
	Procedural committees	23.13
	Standing committees	23.16
	Subsidiary and ad hoc bodies	23.20
	Order of roll-call voting	23.23
	The Security Council	23.24
	Membership	23.25
	Procedure	23.27
	Functions	23.28
	Enlargement of membership	23.32
	Replacement of the Republic of China by the People's Republic	23.34
	Voting in the Security Council	23.35
	Use by the United Nations of armed forces	23.43
	The veto after Korea	23.48
	Economic and Social Council	23.59
	Membership and procedures	23.61
	The secretariat	23.63
	The secretary-general The staff	23.66
		23.68
	Languages The Trusteeship Council	23.74
	Non-self-governing territories	23.73
	14011-5CII-governing territories	
	Postscript	23.97
24.	The United Nations—II Specialized Agencies, Funds and Programmes, Regional Commissions, and Special Bodies	
	Specialized Agencies	24.1
	UNCTAD	24.10
	United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)	24.13
	UNICEF	24.14
	United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)	24.15
	United Nations Environment Programme	24.16

	Human Rights	24.17
	Other Programmes and Funds	24.18
25.	The G8, G20, WTO, OECD, IMF, and IBRD	
	The G8	25.1
	The G20 (The Group of 20 Finance Ministers and Central Bank Governors)	25.6
	The Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development or OECD (previously the Organisation for European	
	Economic Cooperation or OEEC)	25.7
	Origin and purpose	25.7
	Aims	25.13
	General obligations	25.14
	The International Energy Agency (IEA)	25.18
	WTO previously GATT	25.19
	The IMF and the World Bank	25.23
26.	The European Union—I Development, Structure, and Decision	-Making
	The Origins and Development of the European Union	26.2
	Post-War Europe and the ECSC	26.2
	Euratom and the EEC	26.6
	Expanding membership	26.10
	Amending Treaties	26.15
	The development of the European Union	26.22
	The Character and Structure of the European Union	26.26
	The European Union	26.26
	The European Community	26.30
	The Community method and intergovernmentalism	26.33
	Derogations and opt outs	26.38
	The Legal and Institutional Framework	26.42
	The Treaties	26.42
	Legislation	26.46
	The institutions	26.50
	The Council of Ministers	26.53
	The European Commission	26.64
	The European Parliament	26.72
	The Court of Justice	26.83 26.89
	The budget	40.07

The European Union—II External Relations	
Historical Development of European Community External Powers	27.2
Establishment of the European Union and the Three-pillar Structure	27.8
Cooperation among EU Embassies and Consulates Abroad	27.13
Diplomatic and Consular Protection of European Union Citizens	27.17
Representation of the Union	27.18
International Organizations	27.19
Political Sanctions and Cross-pillar Action	27.22
	27.25
Constitutional Change	27.28
The Commonwealth	28.1
The Commonwealth	28.1
Balfour Definition	28.1
	28.2
	28.3
	28.6
	28.9
	28.10
	28.13
	28.16
	28.18
	28.20
	28.20
	28.22
	28.23
	28.25
	28.26
	28.27
with the UN	28.30
Links with the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council	28.31
	External Powers Establishment of the European Union and the Three-pillar Structure Cooperation among EU Embassies and Consulates Abroad Diplomatic and Consular Protection of European Union Citizens Representation of the Union International Organizations Political Sanctions and Cross-pillar Action Security and Defence Constitutional Change Other International and Regional Organizations: Commonweat NATO, Council of Europe, OAS, AU, ASEAN, CIS, Francophonia Arab League, Organization of the Islamic Conference, OSCE The Commonwealth Balfour Definition Statute of Westminster The turning point Freedom of decision Head of the Commonwealth Governors-General Commonwealth Heads of Government Meetings (CHOGM) The Commonwealth Secretariat Organization within the British government The conduct of British relations with other member countries of the Commonwealth Membership of the UN Diplomatic representation High commissioners Privileges and immunities Agents-general Consular functions Registration of intra-Commonwealth agreements with the UN

North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO)	28.32
Treaty of Dunkirk	28.33
The Brussels Treaty	28.34
The North Atlantic Treaty	28.37
The Paris Agreements	28.38
The provisions of the North Atlantic Treaty	28.40
Machinery	28.45
Finance and collective defence	28.50
Committees and commands	28.53
The Council of Europe	28.63
Principles and aim	28.64
The Organization of American States (OAS)	28.79
The Charter	28.81
Institutions of the OAS	28.87
Recent developments	28.90
African Union (AU) formerly the Organization of	
African Unity (OAU)	28.92
The objectives of the AU	28.100
The organs of the AU	28.101
The Assembly	28.101
The Executive Council	28.101
The Commission	28.101
The Permanent Representatives' Committee	28.101
Peace and Security Council (PSC)	28.101
Pan-African Parliament	28.101
ECOSOCC The Court of Instine	28.101
The Court of Justice The Specialized Technical	20.101
Committees	28.101
The Financial Institutions	28.101
Membership of the AU	28.102
Sanctions for human rights violations	28.103
Problems in meeting the objectives of the OAU and the AU	28.104
Association of South-East Asian Nations (ASEAN)	28.109
Membership	28.124
Commonwealth of Independent States (CIS)	28.125
Francophonie	28.126
Arab League	28.128
Organization of the Islamic Conference (OIC)	28.130
Organization for Security and Co-operation in Europe (OSCE)	28.135

VII THE PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL DISPUTES AND THE DEVELOPMENT AND ROLE OF INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL TRIBUNALS

29.	Peaceful Settlement of International Disputes	
	Direct Negotiation and Consultation between the Parties	29.6
	Inquiry and Fact-finding	29.9
	Mediation and Good Offices	29.12
	Conciliation	29.15
	Arbitration	29.16
	Judicial Settlement	29.19
	Regional and Other Special Arrangements	29.20
30.	The International Court of Justice	
	General .	30.1
	Jurisdiction of the Court Contentious cases Advisory opinions	30.2 30.3 30.14
	The Judges of the Court	30.18
	Applicable Law	30.23
	Procedure before the Court	30.26
	Interim Measures of Protection	30.35
31.	International War Crimes Tribunals and the International Criminal Court	
	The International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia	31.5
	The International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda	31.11
	The International Criminal Court (ICC) Jurisdiction Complementarity Initiating and suspending proceedings The Court and its procedures	31.15 31.22 31.23 31.25
	Challenges to the Court First cases at the Court	31.27

31.32

Other Courts with International Elements

	Impact on National Law	31.37
	VIII ALTERNATIVE AND NON-STATE DIPLOMACY	
2.	Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs)	
3.	Secret or Back-Channel Diplomacy, Religious Diplomacy, and Business-Orientated Diplomatic Advisers	
	IX INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS	
4.	International Conferences	
	Invitations to a Conference	34.6
	Representatives	34.8
	Languages at Conferences	34.11
	The President of a Conference	34.13
	Ceremonial and Precedence	34.15
	Procedure	34.17
	Codification of Procedures	34.22
	Participation in International Conferences Observers	34.23 34.24
	The Secretariat	34.25
5.	Treaties and Other International Instruments—I General Definition Memorandum of Understanding, Treaty, Convention, Agreement, Protocol, Declaration, Exchange of Notes, Treaty Formalities, Treaties in More than one Language	n,
	General Definition Particular aspects of a general definition 1. Agreements involving international organizations and oral agreements 2. Requirement that agreement should be governed by international law	35.1 35.2 35.6

	3. Instruments not intended to embody legally binding	
	obligations	35.8
	4. Memoranda of Understanding	35.9
	5. Questions of form and terminology	35.14
	Treaties	35.17
	Conventions	35.24
	Agreements	35.27
	Protocols	35.30
	Declarations	35.39
	Exchange of Notes	35.46
	Formalities in the Drawing up of Treaties	35.50
	Treaties in more than one Language	35.57
36.	Treaties and Other International Instruments—II Pact, Constitution, Charter, Statute, Regulations, Concordat, Additional Articles	
	Pact	36.1
	Constitution	36.3
	Charter	36.4
	Statute	36.8
	Regulations	36.10
	Concordat	36.11
	Additional Articles	36.16
	Treaties and Other International Instruments—III Act, General Act, Final Act, Modus Vivendi, Compromis (Special Agreement)	
	Act	37.1
	General Act	37.3
	Final Act	37.5
	Modus Vivendi	37.11
	Compromis (Special Agreement)	37.14

38.	Treaties and Other International Instruments—IV Ratification, Accession, Acceptance and Approval	
	Ratification	38.3
	Accession	38.19
	Acceptance and Approval	38.31
39.	Treaties and Other International Instruments—V Reservations, Termination, Registration, Treaty Succession	
	Reservations The traditional view The Genocide Convention case Developments subsequent to the Genocide Convention case Reservations in the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties Comment	39.15 39.17 39.19 39.22 39.24
	Termination Termination of a treaty through the application of its own provisions Termination of a treaty containing no termination clause Impossibility of performance Fundamental change of circumstances Procedure for termination	39.26 39.32 39.42 39.44 39.44
	Registration	39.52
	Treaty Succession	39.54
	X ENVOI	
40.	Advice to Diplomats	
	The Nicolson Definition	40.17
	Multilateral Diplomacy	40.20
	Problems of Protocol and Precedence	40.24
	Public Occasions	40.29
	Internal Discords	40.34
	Appendix I The Language of Diplomacy	633
	Appendix II Conferences	639

Appendix III Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations (1961)	645
Appendix IV Vienna Convention on Consular Relations (1963)	657
Appendix V Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties (1969)	681
Bibliography Index	705 713