

Contents

<i>Preface to the new edition</i>	<i>page vii</i>
<i>Preface</i>	<i>xix</i>
1 Introduction	1
2 Economic and ideological power relations	23
3 A theory of the modern state	44
4 The Industrial Revolution and old regime liberalism in Britain, 1760–1880	92
5 The American Revolution and the institutionalization of confederal capitalist liberalism	137
6 The French Revolution and the bourgeois nation	167
7 Conclusion to Chapters 4–6: The emergence of classes and nations	214
8 Geopolitics and international capitalism	254
9 Struggle over Germany: I. Prussia and authoritarian national capitalism	297
10 Struggle over Germany: II. Austria and confederal representation	330
11 The rise of the modern state: I. Quantitative data	358
12 The rise of the modern state: II. The autonomy of military power	402
13 The rise of the modern state: III. Bureaucratization	444
14 The rise of the modern state: IV. The expansion of civilian scope	479
15 The resistible rise of the British working class, 1815–1880	510
16 The middle-class nation	546
17 Class struggle in the Second Industrial Revolution, 1880–1914: I. Great Britain	597
18 Class struggle in the Second Industrial Revolution, 1880–1914: II. Comparative analysis of working-class movements	628
19 Class struggle in the Second Industrial Revolution, 1880–1914: III. The peasantry	692
20 Theoretical conclusions: Classes, states, nations, and the sources of social power	723

vi Contents

<u>21</u>	<u>Empirical culmination – over the top: Geopolitics, class struggle, and World War I</u>	<u>740</u>
<u>Appendix</u>	<u>Additional tables on state finances and state employment</u>	<u>803</u>
<u>Index</u>		<u>816</u>