

# Contents

|                                    |             |
|------------------------------------|-------------|
| <b>Preface</b>                     | <i>xi</i>   |
| <b>List of Abbreviations</b>       | <i>xvii</i> |
| <b>List of Symbols</b>             | <i>xix</i>  |
| <b>About the Companion Website</b> | <i>xxi</i>  |

|          |                                              |           |
|----------|----------------------------------------------|-----------|
| <b>1</b> | <b>Introduction to Power System Analysis</b> | <b>1</b>  |
| 1.1      | Introduction                                 | 1         |
| 1.2      | Scope of the Material                        | 1         |
| 1.3      | General Characteristics of Power Systems     | 4         |
| 1.3.1    | AC Versus DC Systems                         | 4         |
| 1.3.1.1  | Shape of the Alternating Voltage             | 5         |
| 1.3.1.2  | Sinusoidal Alternating Voltage               | 6         |
| 1.3.2    | 50 and 60 Hz Frequency                       | 7         |
| 1.3.3    | Balanced Three-phase Systems                 | 9         |
| 1.3.3.1  | Power Considerations                         | 10        |
| 1.3.3.2  | Rotating Magnetic Field                      | 12        |
| 1.3.4    | Voltage Levels                               | 15        |
| 1.3.4.1  | Line-to-line and Line-to-neutral Voltages    | 16        |
| 1.4      | Phasors                                      | 17        |
| 1.4.1    | Network Elements in the Phasor Domain        | 19        |
| 1.4.2    | Calculations in the Phasor Domain            | 21        |
| 1.5      | Equivalent Line-to-neutral Diagrams          | 24        |
| 1.6      | Power in Single-phase Circuits               | 26        |
| 1.6.1    | Active and Reactive Power                    | 26        |
| 1.6.2    | Complex Power                                | 29        |
| 1.6.3    | Power Factor                                 | 33        |
| 1.7      | Power in Three-phase Circuits                | 34        |
| 1.8      | Per-unit Normalization                       | 35        |
| 1.9      | Power System Structure                       | 39        |
|          | Problems                                     | 40        |
|          | References                                   | 42        |
| <b>2</b> | <b>Generation of Electric Energy</b>         | <b>43</b> |
| 2.1      | Introduction                                 | 43        |
| 2.2      | Thermal Power Plants                         | 44        |

|       |                                       |    |
|-------|---------------------------------------|----|
| 2.2.1 | The Principles of Thermodynamics      | 45 |
| 2.3   | Nuclear Power Plants                  | 49 |
| 2.3.1 | Nuclear Fission                       | 50 |
| 2.3.2 | Nuclear Fusion                        | 52 |
| 2.4   | Renewable Energy                      | 53 |
| 2.4.1 | Wind Energy and Wind Turbine Concepts | 53 |
| 2.4.2 | Hydropower and Pumped Storage         | 56 |
| 2.4.3 | Solar Power                           | 58 |
| 2.4.4 | Geothermal Power                      | 61 |
| 2.5   | The Synchronous Machine               | 63 |
|       | Problems                              | 70 |
|       | References                            | 71 |

### **3 The Transmission of Electric Energy 73**

|         |                                                      |     |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| 3.1     | Introduction                                         | 73  |
| 3.2     | Transmission and Distribution Network                | 74  |
| 3.3     | Network Structures                                   | 76  |
| 3.4     | Substations                                          | 78  |
| 3.5     | Substation Concepts                                  | 80  |
| 3.5.1   | Single Bus System                                    | 81  |
| 3.5.2   | Double Bus System                                    | 81  |
| 3.5.3   | Polygon Bus System                                   | 82  |
| 3.5.4   | One-and-a-half Circuit Breaker Concept               | 82  |
| 3.6     | Protection of Transmission and Distribution Networks | 83  |
| 3.6.1   | Protective Relay Operating Principles                | 84  |
| 3.6.2   | Fuses                                                | 88  |
| 3.6.3   | Circuit Breakers                                     | 89  |
| 3.6.4   | The Switching Arc                                    | 91  |
| 3.6.5   | Oil Circuit Breakers                                 | 92  |
| 3.6.6   | Air-blast Circuit Breakers                           | 93  |
| 3.6.7   | SF <sub>6</sub> Circuit Breakers                     | 93  |
| 3.6.8   | Vacuum Circuit Breakers                              | 94  |
| 3.6.9   | DC Circuit Breakers                                  | 96  |
| 3.6.9.1 | Active commutation                                   | 97  |
| 3.6.9.2 | Passive commutation                                  | 97  |
| 3.6.9.3 | Hybrid technology                                    | 97  |
| 3.7     | Surge Arresters                                      | 98  |
| 3.8     | Transformers                                         | 99  |
| 3.8.1   | Phase Shifts in Three-phase Transformers             | 103 |
| 3.8.2   | The Magnetizing Current                              | 106 |
| 3.8.3   | Transformer Inrush Current                           | 108 |
| 3.8.4   | Open-circuit and Short-circuit Tests                 | 109 |
| 3.9     | Power Carriers                                       | 110 |
| 3.9.1   | Overhead Transmission Lines                          | 112 |
| 3.9.1.1 | Insulators                                           | 112 |
| 3.9.1.2 | Bundled conductors                                   | 113 |
| 3.9.1.3 | Galloping lines                                      | 118 |

|          |                                                 |            |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 3.9.1.4  | Ground Wires or Shield Wires                    | 120        |
| 3.9.1.5  | Transposition                                   | 122        |
| 3.9.2    | Underground Cables                              | 123        |
| 3.9.2.1  | Plastic insulation                              | 126        |
| 3.9.2.2  | Paper-oil insulation                            | 126        |
| 3.9.3    | Gas-insulated Transmission Lines                | 130        |
| 3.10     | SF <sub>6</sub> Alternatives                    | 130        |
| 3.11     | High-voltage Direct Current Transmission        | 131        |
| 3.11.1   | From AC to DC                                   | 134        |
|          | Problems                                        | 138        |
|          | References                                      | 139        |
| <b>4</b> | <b>The Utilization of Electric Energy</b>       | <b>141</b> |
| 4.1      | Introduction                                    | 141        |
| 4.2      | Types of Load                                   | 142        |
| 4.2.1    | Mechanical Energy                               | 143        |
| 4.2.1.1  | Synchronous Motors                              | 144        |
| 4.2.1.2  | Induction Motors                                | 145        |
| 4.2.2    | Light                                           | 148        |
| 4.2.3    | Heat                                            | 149        |
| 4.2.4    | DC Electrical Energy                            | 149        |
| 4.2.5    | Chemical Energy                                 | 152        |
| 4.3      | Classification of Grid Users                    | 152        |
| 4.3.1    | Residential Loads                               | 153        |
| 4.3.2    | Commercial and Industrial Loads                 | 154        |
| 4.3.3    | Electric Railways                               | 155        |
|          | Problems                                        | 157        |
|          | Reference                                       | 158        |
| <b>5</b> | <b>Power System Control</b>                     | <b>159</b> |
| 5.1      | Introduction                                    | 159        |
| 5.2      | Basics of Power System Control                  | 161        |
| 5.3      | Active Power and Frequency Control              | 163        |
| 5.3.1    | Primary Control                                 | 163        |
| 5.3.2    | Secondary Control or Load Frequency Control     | 168        |
| 5.4      | Voltage Control and Reactive Power              | 170        |
| 5.4.1    | Generator Control (Automatic Voltage Regulator) | 170        |
| 5.4.2    | Tap-changing Transformers                       | 172        |
| 5.4.3    | Reactive Power Injection                        | 174        |
| 5.4.3.1  | Static Shunt Capacitors and Reactors            | 174        |
| 5.4.3.2  | Synchronous Compensators                        | 174        |
| 5.4.3.3  | Static Var Compensator                          | 175        |
| 5.4.3.4  | Static Synchronous Compensator                  | 176        |
| 5.5      | Control of Transported Power                    | 178        |
| 5.5.1    | Controlling Active Power Flows                  | 178        |
| 5.5.1.1  | The Phase Shifter                               | 178        |
| 5.5.2    | Controlling Reactive Power Flows                | 180        |

|          |                                                |            |
|----------|------------------------------------------------|------------|
| 5.5.2.1  | Static Series Capacitors                       | 180        |
| 5.5.2.2  | Thyristor-controlled Series Capacitor          | 181        |
| 5.5.2.3  | Static Synchronous Series Compensator          | 182        |
| 5.5.3    | Unified Power Flow Controller                  | 182        |
| 5.6      | Flexible AC Transmission Systems               | 184        |
|          | Problems                                       | 185        |
|          | References                                     | 187        |
| <b>6</b> | <b>Energy Management Systems</b>               | <b>189</b> |
| 6.1      | Introduction                                   | 189        |
| 6.2      | Load Flow or Power Flow Computation            | 189        |
| 6.2.1    | Load Flow Equations                            | 191        |
| 6.2.2    | General Scheme of the Newton–Raphson Load Flow | 199        |
| 6.2.3    | Decoupled Load Flow                            | 203        |
| 6.2.4    | DC Load Flow                                   | 207        |
| 6.2.4.1  | Active Power Equations                         | 207        |
| 6.2.4.2  | Reactive Power Equations                       | 208        |
| 6.3      | Optimal Power Flow                             | 209        |
| 6.4      | State Estimator                                | 210        |
| 6.4.1    | General Scheme of the State Estimator          | 212        |
| 6.4.2    | Bad Data Analysis                              | 214        |
|          | Problems                                       | 220        |
|          | References                                     | 222        |
| <b>7</b> | <b>Electricity Markets</b>                     | <b>225</b> |
| 7.1      | Introduction                                   | 225        |
| 7.2      | Electricity Market Structure                   | 226        |
| 7.2.1    | Transmission and Distribution                  | 226        |
| 7.2.2    | Market Architecture                            | 227        |
| 7.3      | Market Clearing                                | 228        |
| 7.4      | Social Welfare                                 | 231        |
| 7.5      | Market Coupling                                | 232        |
| 7.6      | Electricity Markets: Surplus and Scarcity      | 236        |
| 7.7      | Allocation Mechanism and Zonal/Nodal Markets   | 238        |
| 7.8      | Capacity Calculation                           | 241        |
|          | References                                     | 248        |
| <b>8</b> | <b>Future Power Systems</b>                    | <b>249</b> |
| 8.1      | Introduction                                   | 249        |
| 8.2      | Renewable Energy                               | 250        |
| 8.3      | Decentralized or Distributed Generation        | 252        |
| 8.4      | Power Electronics in the Power System          | 255        |
| 8.4.1    | Power-electronic Interfaces                    | 255        |
| 8.4.2    | System Inertia                                 | 256        |
| 8.5      | Energy Storage                                 | 257        |
| 8.6      | Blackouts and Chaotic Phenomena                | 259        |
| 8.6.1    | Nonlinear Phenomena and Chaos                  | 260        |

|          |                                                                        |     |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| 8.6.2    | Blackouts                                                              | 262 |
| 8.7      | Wide Area Monitoring of Power Systems                                  | 269 |
| 8.7.1    | Wide Area Measurement Systems in the Continental European Power System | 270 |
|          | References                                                             | 272 |
| <b>A</b> | <b>Maxwell's Laws</b>                                                  | 273 |
| A.1      | Introduction                                                           | 273 |
| A.2      | Power Series Approach to Time-varying Fields                           | 275 |
| A.3      | Quasi-static Field of a Parallel-plate Capacitor                       | 276 |
| A.3.1    | Quasi-static Solution                                                  | 277 |
| A.3.2    | Validity of the Quasi-static Approach                                  | 279 |
| A.4      | Quasi-static Field of a Single-turn Inductor                           | 280 |
| A.4.1    | Quasi-static Solution                                                  | 281 |
| A.4.2    | Validity of the Quasi-static Approach                                  | 282 |
| A.5      | Quasi-static Field of a Resistor                                       | 284 |
| A.5.1    | Quasi-static Solution                                                  | 285 |
| A.6      | Circuit Modeling                                                       | 287 |
|          | Reference                                                              | 288 |
| <b>B</b> | <b>Power Transformer Model</b>                                         | 289 |
| B.1      | Introduction                                                           | 289 |
| B.2      | The Ideal Transformer                                                  | 289 |
| B.3      | Magnetically Coupled Coils                                             | 292 |
| B.3.1    | Equivalence with the Ideal Transformer                                 | 294 |
| B.4      | The Nonideal Transformer                                               | 295 |
| B.5      | Three-phase Transformer                                                | 297 |
| <b>C</b> | <b>Synchronous Machine Model</b>                                       | 299 |
| C.1      | Introduction                                                           | 299 |
| C.2      | The Primitive Synchronous Machine                                      | 299 |
| C.3      | The Single-phase Synchronous Machine                                   | 304 |
| C.4      | The Three-phase Synchronous Machine                                    | 309 |
| C.5      | Synchronous Generator in the Power System                              | 313 |
| <b>D</b> | <b>Induction Machine Model</b>                                         | 315 |
| D.1      | Introduction                                                           | 315 |
| D.2      | The Basic Principle of the Induction Machine                           | 315 |
| D.2.1    | A Single Rotor Winding                                                 | 317 |
| D.2.2    | Two Rotor Windings                                                     | 318 |
| D.2.3    | Rotating Rotor                                                         | 320 |
| D.3      | The Magnetic Field in the Air Gap                                      | 321 |
| D.3.1    | Contribution of the Rotor Currents to the Air-gap Field                | 321 |
| D.3.2    | The Flux Linkage with the Stator Windings                              | 324 |
| D.4      | A Simple Circuit Model for the Induction Machine                       | 324 |
| D.4.1    | The Stator Voltage Equation                                            | 324 |
| D.4.2    | The Induction Machine as Two Magnetically Coupled Coils                | 325 |

|          |                                                 |     |
|----------|-------------------------------------------------|-----|
| D.4.3    | A Practical Model of the Induction Machine      | 326 |
| D.5      | Induction Motor in the Power System             | 327 |
| <b>E</b> | <b>The Representation of Lines and Cables</b>   | 329 |
| E.1      | Introduction                                    | 329 |
| E.2      | The Long Transmission Line                      | 329 |
| E.3      | The Medium-length Transmission Line             | 334 |
| E.4      | The Short Transmission Line                     | 334 |
| E.5      | Comparison of the Three Line Models             | 335 |
| E.6      | The Underground Cable                           | 336 |
| <b>F</b> | <b>The Physics Behind the Maxwell Equations</b> | 337 |
| F.1      | Introduction                                    | 337 |
| F.2      | Ampère's Law                                    | 337 |
| F.3      | Faraday's Law                                   | 338 |
| F.4      | Maxwell's Equations                             | 339 |
|          | <b>Solutions</b>                                | 343 |
|          | <b>Further Reading</b>                          | 357 |
|          | <b>Index</b>                                    | 359 |