

Table of contents

Introduction	11
1. In the Holy Roman Empire (962–1526).....	23
Emperors, dukes, bishops, and abbeys	25
Přemyslides and Babenbergs.....	33
The creation of the “countries” (<i>Länder</i>)	42
<i>Bohemi</i> and <i>Theutonici</i>	56
King and Emperor Charles IV.....	61
The early Habsburgs	67
The Hussites	73
King and Emperor Maximilian I	81
2. Between the Holy Roman Empire of the German Nation and the <i>Monarchia Austriaca</i> (1526–1804)	95
The union of the Austrian, Bohemian, and Hungarian Lands	96
The confessional “total confrontation”	113
Habsburg Absolutism and Baroque Catholicism	132
Wars for great power position	146
Reform and modernization under Maria Theresa	154
The revolutionary on the imperial throne	168
Viennese Classicism and the French challenge	179
3. In the Austrian Empire (1804–1867)	189
Napoléon’s threat to the Austrian Empire.....	189
The Congress of Vienna and the Holy Alliance.....	195
State and ethnic nationalism	199
Education and economy in the <i>Biedermeier</i> era	208
Revolution and reaction 1848/49	225
Centralized modernization “from above”	243

Financial shortage and incipient democratization	254
The battle for Germany	264
4. In the Austro-Hungarian Monarchy (1867–1914)	269
The Basic Laws of the State in 1867, the “May Laws” in 1868, and the Bohemian Compromise Attempt in 1871	271
The <i>Gründerzeit</i> in the Austrian and Bohemian Lands.....	279
Vienna and Prague in comparison	287
The struggle of the Germans and Czechs for the Austrian state	293
People’s parties and people’s tribunes	303
“Conflict community” and national boycott	312
National compromises in the army, <i>Reichsrat</i> , Catholic Church, and administration.....	317
“Fin-de-siècle Vienna” and the role of the Jews.....	324
Economic, social, and educational structures according to the 1910 census	333
The Bohemian Question in international relations (1867–1914)....	342
5. Separation in the First World War (1914–1918).....	347
The July Crisis 1914	349
The conversion of society to a war economy	353
The overstretching of the Habsburg armies.....	364
Czech politics in the homeland and in exile	370
Between the “Sixtus Affair” and Caporetto	376
The echoes of Lenin and Wilson in the exhausted <i>Hinterland</i>	381
Political dissolution and military surrender of the Habsburg Monarchy.....	391
6. New Nation-States and Saint-Germain (1918–1919).....	401
The Sudeten Germans between Vienna and Prague.....	402
The Czechoslovak delegation at the Paris Peace Conference	415
Currency separation, general strike, and the <i>Anschluss</i> question	425
The Allied peace terms to Austria	432

7. The First Republic in Prague and Vienna (1920–1938)	451
Old psychological and new customs borders.....	453
New parliaments – new centers of power.....	460
“De-Austrianization” and rebalancing of the economy	466
<i>Los-von-Rom</i> and Neo-Hussitism.....	477
Competition for school and culture	485
A League of Nations loan for Austria.....	494
Prague and Vienna between Paris and Berlin	499
Cultural nation versus state-nation.....	507
World economic crisis and customs union project.....	512
“Disintegration of two peoples in the same country”	520
Hitler’s rise to power and the Nazi terror in Austria	526
The Dollfuß government’s fight against Social Democrats and National Socialists.....	534
The Sudeten German Party as a new challenge for the Prague government.....	539
The German-Austrian July Agreement 1936	546
Beneš and Hitler’s Germany	552
8. <i>Anschluss</i> and Munich Agreement (1938).....	559
Hitler’s grip on Austria	561
The Sudeten Germans as an instrument for Hitler’s policy of aggression.....	574
Hitler enforces the Munich Agreement	578
The creation of the <i>Reichsgau Sudetenland</i>	583
The breakup of the “rest” of Czechoslovakia	590
9. Austrians, Sudeten Germans, and Czechs under Nazi Rule (1938–1945).....	595
Different life worlds and life chances.....	596
<i>Ostmärker</i> and Sudeten Germans as Hitler’s soldiers	599
The armament potential of the Protectorate of Bohemia and Moravia.....	607

Resistance and oppression in the Protectorate.....	612
“Aryanization” and persecution of the Jews in the Protectorate...	618
The terror regime of Reinhard Heydrich	623
Persecution of Jews and Nazi terror in the Austrian Lands	631
Karl Hermann Frank and the Czech victim record	637
War victims among German Austrians and Sudeten Germans.....	642
The Czechoslovak government-in-exile in London and its resettlement plans	648
The 1945 uprising in Prague	650
10. The Second Austrian Republic – The Third Czechoslovak Republic (1945–1948)	655
Stalin as “liberator”	657
The Austrian “Action” in Prague	660
Austria under Allied occupation.....	668
The first parliamentary elections in Austria and Czechoslovakia	675
Old and new border issues	680
“Denazification” and the politics of history	685
11. Expulsion, “Beneš Decrees,” Potsdam Agreement, and Forced Resettlement (1945–1947)	691
The “death marches” of Brno and Jihlava	692
Mass executions and expulsions in Bohemia and Moravia.....	700
Bilateral solution attempts	703
The “Beneš Decrees”	709
Potsdam Agreement and Forced Resettlement	715
Deportation or Integration of the Sudeten Germans	724
12. Beyond the “Iron Curtain” (1948–1989).....	737
Communist seizure of power and self-Sovietization in the ČSR.....	737
Austria’s State Treaty and Neutrality	747